

Ambient Light Sensor ICs Single Chip Optical Proximity + Ambient Light Sensor IC

BH1772GLC

No.11046ECT12

Descriptions

BH1772GLC is the IC into which optical proximity sensor and digital ambient light senor are unified. Proximity sensor part detects the human or object approach by reflection of infrared LED(IrLED) light. Ambient light sensor part can detect the wide range illuminance from the dark up to under direct sun light. The illuminant intensity of LCD display and keypad can be adjusted, so lower current consumption or higher visibility are possible.

Features

- 1) Correspond to I^2C bus interface (f/s mode & Hs mode support)
- 2) Low Current by power down function
- 3) Correspond to 1.8V logic interface
- 4) ALS spectral responsibility is approximately human eye response (Peak wavelength : typ. 550nm)
- 5) Correspond to wide range of light intensity (1-65535 lx range)
- 6) Rejecting 50Hz/60Hz light noise (ALS function)
- 7) Detection range of proximity sensor is around 10 100mm (configurable by l^2C bus)
- 8) Built in ambient light cancelation (Proximity sensor function)
- 9) Built in configurable IrLED current driver

Applications

Mobile phone, DSC, Portable game, Camcoder, PDA, LCD display etc.

●Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
VCC, Supply Voltage	Vccmax	4.5	V
SDA,SCL,GNDNC Terminal Voltage	VSDAmax, VSCLmax, VGNDNCmax	4.5	V
LEDC, INT Terminal Voltage	VLEDCmax, VINTmax	7	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40~85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~100	°C
SDA, INT Sink Current	Imax	7	mA
Power Dissipation	Pd	250 [*]	mW

% 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm glass epoxy board. Decreasing rate is 3.33mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C

Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol		Units			
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Office	
VCC Voltage	Vcc	2.3	2.5	3.6	V	
LEDC Terminal Voltage	Vledc	0.7	2.5	5.5	V	

●Electrical characteristics (Vcc = 2.5V, Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

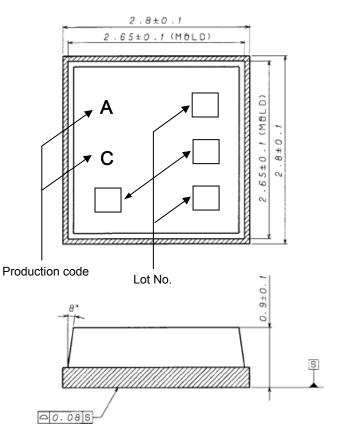
	<u>.a</u>	,	Limits	<i>i</i> notou. <i>j</i>			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Supply current for ALS	lcc1	—	90	180	μA	Ev = 100 lx ^{*1} Average current when ALS_CONTROL register(40h) = " 03h " and the other registers are default.	
Supply current for PS	Icc2	_	90	180	μA	Average current when PS_CONTROL register(41h) = " 03h " and the other registers are default.	
Supply current for PS during driving LED current	lcc3	_	6.5	8.5	mA		
Standby mode current	lcc4	_	0.8	1.5	μA	ALS & PS standby No Input Light f/s mode	
ALS measurement time	tMALS	_	100	125	ms	H-Resolution mode	
ALS measurement accuracy	S/A	0.85	1.0	1.15	Times	Sensor out / Actual Ix, Ev = 1000 Ix ^{×1}	
ALS dark (0 lx) sensor out	ALS0	0	0	2	count	H-Resolution mode	
PS sensor out (No proximity object)	PS0	0	0	30	count	Ambient irradiance = 0µW/cm ²	
PS sensor out (Irradiance by proximity object = 324uW/cm ²)	PS324u	120	128	136	count	Ambient irradiance = 0µW/cm ²	
ILED pulse duration	twILED	_	200	250	μs		
PS measurement time	tMPS	-	10	12.5	ms		
LEDC terminal sink current at LEDC terminal voltage = 1.3V	ILEDC	18	20	22	mA	ILED register(42h) [2:0] = " 010 "	
INT output 'L' Voltage	VINT	0	_	0.4	V	IINT = 3mA	
SCL SDA input 'H' Voltage	VIH	1.26	_	_	V		
SCL SDA input 'L' Voltage	VIL	_	_	0.54	V		
SCL SDA input 'H'/'L' Current	IIHL	-10	_	10	μA		
I ² C SDA output 'L' Voltage	VOL	0	_	0.4	V	IOL = 3mA	

%1 White LED is used as optical source

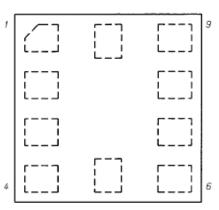
\bullet I²C bus timing characteristics (Vcc = 2.5V, Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symb		Limits			Conditions
Parameter	ol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I ² C SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	_	400	kHz	f/s mode
I ² C SCL Clock Frequency2	f _{SCLH}	0	-	3.4	MHz	Hs mode Cb=100pF
I ² C Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	t _{hd;sta}	0.6	-	_	μs	f/s mode
I ² C Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition2	t _{hd;sta}	160	1	_	ns	Hs mode
I ² C 'L' Period of the SCL Clock	t _{LOW}	1.3		_	μs	f/s mode
I ² C 'L' Period of the SCL Clock2	t _{LOW}	160	1	_	ns	Hs mode
I ² C 'H' Period of the SCL Clock	t _{ніGH}	0.6	-	-	μs	f/s mode
I ² C 'H' Period of the SCL Clock2	t _{HIGH}	60	_	_	ns	Hs mode
I ² C Set up time for a Repeated START Condition	t _{su;sta}	0.6	_	_	μs	f/s mode
I ² C Set up time for a Repeated START Condition2	t _{su;sta}	160	_	_	ns	Hs mode
I ² C Data Hold Time	t _{HD;DAT}	0		—	μs	f/s mode
I ² C Data Hold Time2	t _{HD;DAT}	0	-	70	ns	Hs mode Cb=100pF
I ² C Data Setup Time	t _{su;dat}	100	-	-	ns	f/s mode
I ² C Data Setup Time2	t _{su;dat}	10	-	—	ns	Hs mode
I ² C Set up Time for STOP Condition	t _{su;sto}	0.6	_	_	μs	f/s mode
I ² C Set up Time for STOP Condition2	t _{su;sто}	160	_	_	ns	Hs mode
I ² C Bus Free Time between a STOP and START Condition	t _{BUF}	1.3	_	_	μs	
I ² C Data Valid Time	t _{VD;DAT}	_	_	0.9	μs	f/s mode
I ² C Data Valid Acknowledge Time	t _{VD;ACK}	_	_	0.9	μs	f/s mode

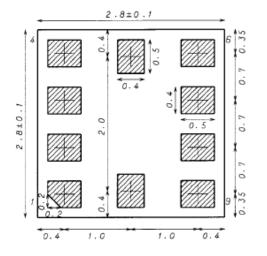
Package outlines











WLGA010V28

(UNIT:mm)

Drawing No. EX8/2-600/

BH1772GLC

Reference Data

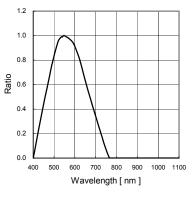


Fig.1 ALS Spectral Response

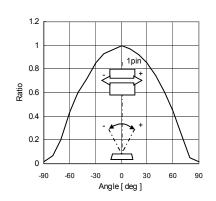


Fig.4 ALS Directional Characteristics 1

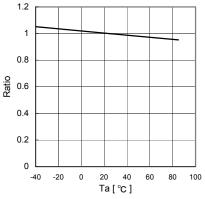


Fig.7 ALS Measurement Accuracy Temperature Dependency

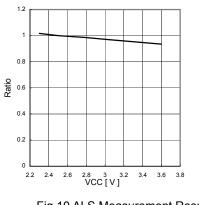


Fig.10 ALS Measurement Result VCC Dependency

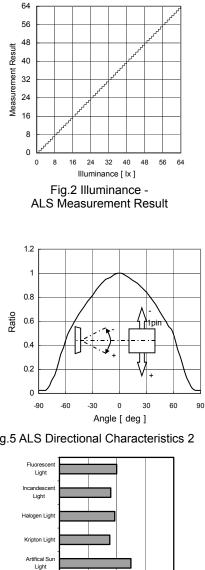


Fig.5 ALS Directional Characteristics 2

Fig.8 ALS Light Source Dependency (Fluorescent Light is set to '1')

1 Patic

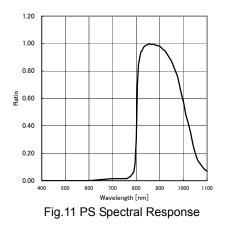
1.5

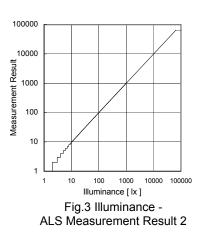
2

0.5

White LED

0





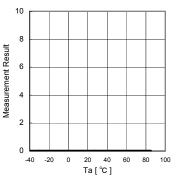


Fig.6 ALS Dark Response

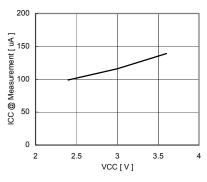


Fig.9 VCC - ICC (During ALS measurement)

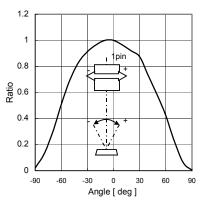
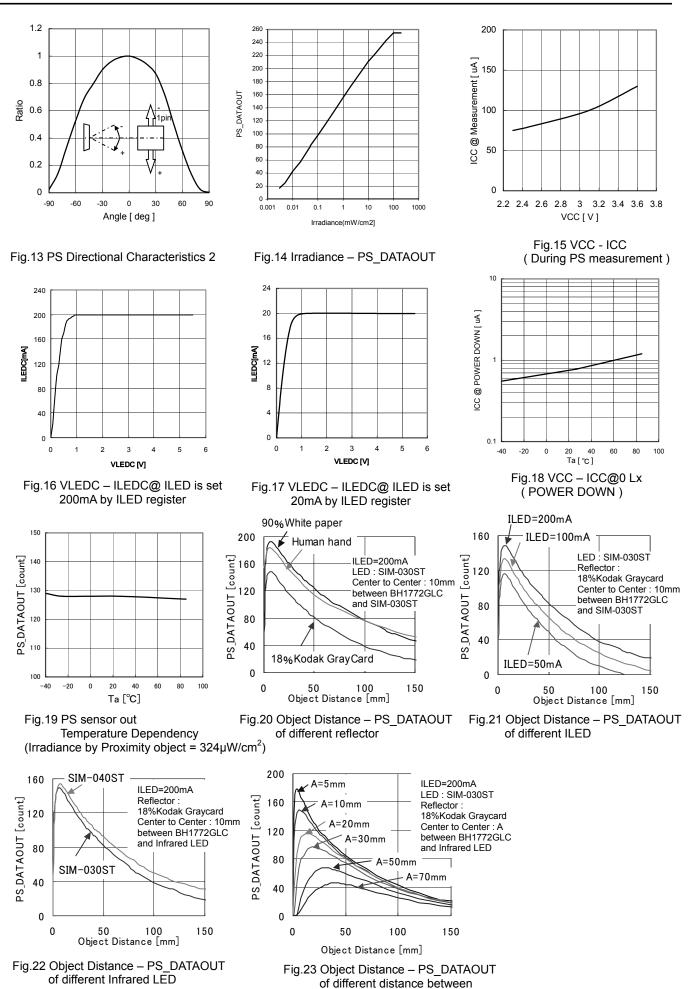


Fig.12 PS Directional Characteristics 1



BH1772GLC and SIM-030ST

I²C bus communication

1) Slave address "0111000"

- 2) Main write format
 - 1. Case of "Indicate register address"

ST	Slave Address 0111000	W 0	ACK	Indicate register address 010XXXXX	ACK	SP
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2. Case of "write to data register after indicating register address"

ST	Slave Address 0111000			ACK	Indicate register address 010XXXXX	ACK	
Data	a specified at register address field	ACK		AC	Data specified at register address field + N	ACK	SP

BH1772GLC continues to write data with address increments until master issues stop condition. Write cycle is 40h - 41h - 42h - 43h - 44h - 45h - 46h - 52h 5Dh - 5Eh - 40h

Ex) If register address field is 45h, then BH1772GLC writes data like seeing in below.

45h - 46h -52h 5Dh – 5Eh - 40h......It is continued until master issues stop condition.

3) Main read format

1. Case of read data after indicate register address and read data (Master issues restart condition)

ST	Slave Address V 0111000 0			АСК	Indicate register address 010XXXXX	ACK	
ST	Slave Address 0111000		R 1	ACK	Data specified at register address field	ACK	
Data	a specified at register address field + 1	ACK		ACK	Data specified at register address field + N	NACK	SP

2. Case of read data after selecting register address

ST	Slave Address 0111000			ACK	Data specified at register address field	ACK	
Data	a specified at register address field + 1	ACK		ACK	Data specified at register address field + N	NACK	SP

BH1772GLC outputs data from specified address field until master issues stop condition. Read cycle is 40h - 41h - 42h - 43h - 44h - 45h - 46h – 4Ah 5Dh – 5Eh - 40h

Ex) If register address field is 4Ch, then BH1772GLC outputs data like seeing in below.
4Ch - 4Dh - 4Eh 5Dh - 5Eh - 40h......It is continued until master issues stop condition.



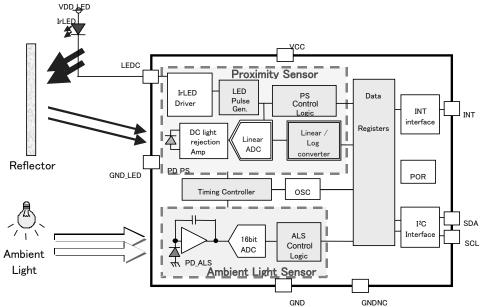
from master to slave

from slave to master

* BH1772GLC operates as I²C bus slave device.

* Please refer formality I²C bus specification of NXP semiconductors

Block diagram and block explanation



I²C bus interface. f/s mode and Hs mode is supported. 1.8V logic interface is supported.

> POR

➤ I²C Interface

Power on reset function.

≻ OSC

Internal oscillator.

Timing controller

Internal management block for proximity sensor and ambient light sensor.

INT interface

INT terminal control block. Details are on Page 13 - 14

DATA registers

Register for strage of measurement results or commands. Details are on Page 15.

PS control logic

This block controls proximity sensor analog block

LED Pulse Gen

LED current generator. LED current value is configurable by ILED(42h) register.

IrLED Driver

IrLED driver block.

> PD_ALS

Photo diode for ambient light sensor. Peak wavelength is approximately 550nm.

> 16bit ADC

AD converter for ALS.

ALS control logic

This block controls ambient light sensor analog block.

PD_PS

Photo diode for proximity sensor. Peak wavelength is approximately 850nm.

DC light rejection Amp

DC light is rejected in this block. And generated Infrared pulse is passed to linear ADC block.

Linear ADC

AD converter for proximity sensor. Detection range is very wide (1μ W/cm² - 100mW/cm²).

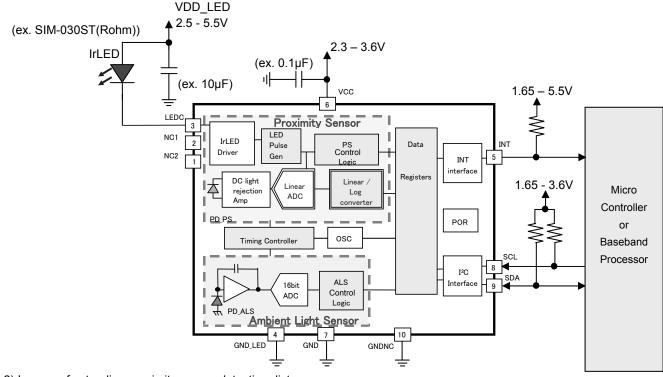
Linear/Log converter

Linear to logarithm converter for proximity sensor. Output data is 8bit. PS irradiance calculation example is on Page 24.

Example of application circuit diagram

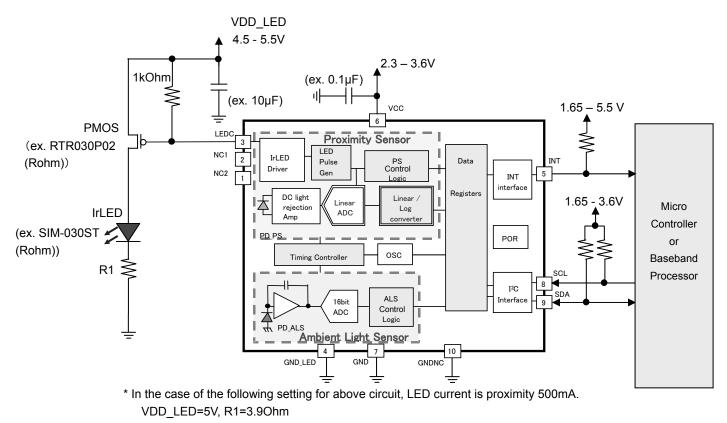
If you do not use the INT pin, please connect to GND or opening (non connect). Regarding NC1 and NC2, please connect to VDD_LED or open (non connect).

1) Standard application circuit example



2) In case of extending proximity sensor detection distance

BH1772GLC can drive maximum 200mA(Typ) current. By adding simple external circuit, it is possible to increase IrLED current and to extend detection distance. In case of driving large current for IrLED, note that the current value must not be over the absolute maximum rating for IrLED.



•Terminal description

PIN No.	Terminal Name	Equivalent Circuit	Function
1	NC1		Terminal for internal test. Non connect or pull up to VDD_LED (external IrLED anode terminal)
2	NC2		Terminal for internal test. Non connect or pull up to VDD_LED (external IrLED anode terminal)
3	LEDC		Nch open drain LED current output terminal. LED current and emitting interval is defined by internal register. Register value is possible to configure by I ² C bus.
4	GND_LED		GND terminal for LED driver
5	INT		Nch open drain output. Interrupt setting is defined by internal register. Register value is possible to configure by I ² C bus.
6	VCC		Power supply terminal
7	GND		GND terminal
8	SCL		I ² C bus Interface SCL terminal
9	SDA		I ² C bus Interface SDA terminal
10	GNDNC		Non connect or pull down to GND

Proximity sensor measurement sequence

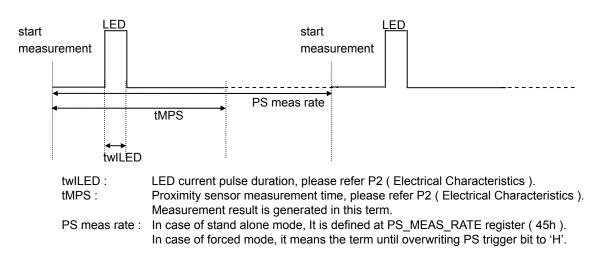
The below figure shows proximity sensor measurement sequence. First PS measurement is triggered by I²C bus master writes measurement command to PS_CONTROL register (41h).

1. Forced mode

PS measurement is done only 1time and PS trigger bit (44h<0>) is overwritten from 'H' to 'L' after PS measurement complete. PS measurement is re-started by master writes PS trigger bit to 'H'.

2. Stand alone mode

PS measurement is continuously done until master select the other mode. Measurement interval is defined at PS_MEAS_RATE register (45h).



Ambient light sensor measurement sequence

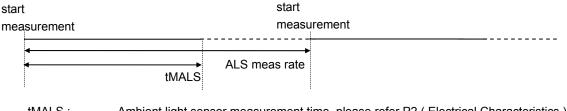
The below figure shows ambient light sensor measurement sequence. First ALS measurement is triggered by I²C bus master writing measurement command to ALS_CONTROL register (40h).

1. Forced mode

ALS measurement is done only 1time and ALS trigger bit(44h<1>) is overwritten from 'H' to 'L' after ALS measurement is completed. ALS measurement is re-started by master writes ALS trigger bit to 'H'.

2. Stand alone mode

ALS measurement is continuously done until master select the other mode. Measurement interval is defined at ALS_MEAS_RATE register (46h). If ALS rate disable bit (46h<7>) is 'H', there is no interval between measurement.



tMALS : Ambient light sensor measurement time, please refer P2 (Electrical Characteristics). Measurement result is generated in this term.

ALS meas rate: In case of stand alone mode, It is defined at ALS_MEAS_RATE register (46h) In case of forced mode, it means the term until overwriting ALS trigger bit to 'H'.

Interrupt function

Interrupt function compares ALS or PS measurement result to preset interrupt threshold level. PS uses one threshold level or two threshold level (in hysteresis mode) and ALS uses two threshold level (upper and lower).

Interrupt status is monitored by INT pin or ALS_PS_STATUS register (4Eh) and Interrupt function is able to be controlled by INTERRUPT register (52h). Interrupt threshold is defined at ALS_TH_UP and ALS_TH_LOW and PS_TH_H and

PS_TH_L registers (53h, 56 - 59h, 5Ch). PS_TH_L registers is effective when PS hysteresis bit (52h<4>) is 'H'. Interrupt persistence function is defined at PERSISTENCE register (5Bh).

INT pin is Nch open drain terminal so this terminal should be pull-up to some kind of voltage source by an external resister. Maximum sink current rating of this terminal is 7mA.

There are two output modes about interrupt function (latched mode and unlatched mode).

In case of using ALS and PS interrupt functions at the same time, latch mode is recommended.

INT terminal is high impedance when VCC is supplied.

INT terminal becomes inactive by setting INTERRUPT register (52h)[1:0] to "00". (It is not worked during power down mode. Power down mode means ALS_CONTROL(40h)<1>='0' and PS_CONTROL(41h)<1> = '0'.)

INT terminal keeps just previous state which power down command is sent. So to set INT terminal to high impedance is recommended. VCC current(approximately 25µA at VCC=2.5V) is consumed during INT terminal is 'L'. There are two method to set INT terminal to high impedance.

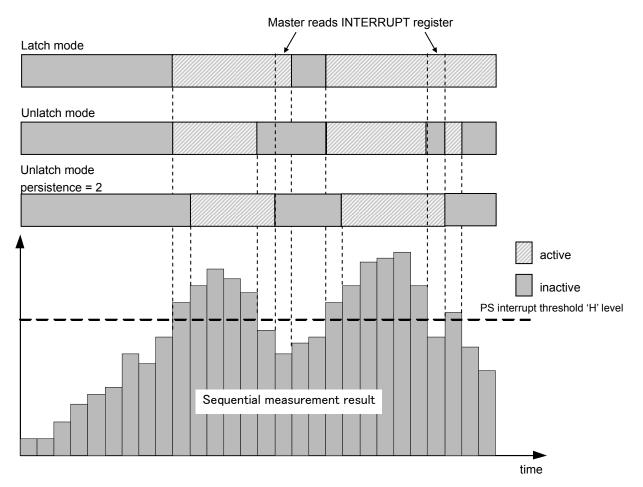
- 1) Send software reset command. (Write 'H' to ALS_CONTROL(40h)<2>. Software reset is also worked during power down. All registers are initialized by software reset command.)
- 2) Write "000" to INTERRUPT register(52h)<2:0>.

ex1) In case of using only PS 'H' threshold (INTERRUPT register 52h<4> : '0')

In case of unlatch mode if the measurement value exceeds the PS interrupt threshold 'H' value, the interrupt becomes active. And if the measurement value goes below the threshold, the interrupt becomes inactive.

In case of latch mode once the interrupt becomes active, it keeps the status until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.

In case of persistence function is set to active, if the interrupt is inactive, it keeps inactive status until the measurement value is beyond the threshold 'H' value continuously. If the interrupt is active, it keeps active status until the measurement value is below threshold 'H' value continuously or until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.

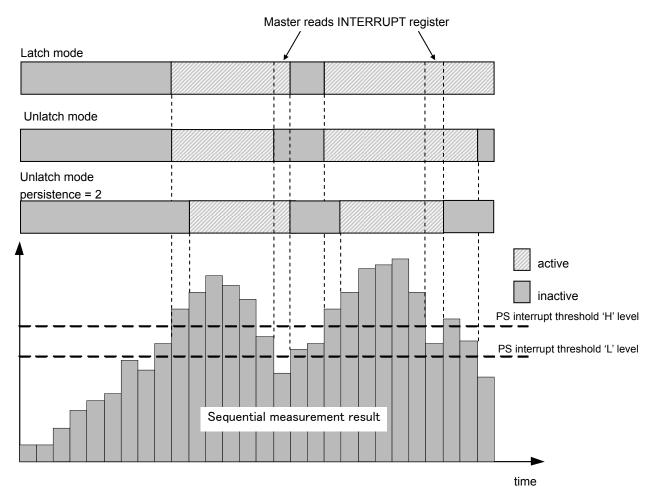


www.rohm.com © 2011 ROHM Co., Ltd. All rights reserved. ex2) In case of using PS 'H/L' threshold (INTERRUPT register 52h<4> : '1')

In case of unlatch mode if the measurement value exceeds the PS interrupt threshold 'H' value, the interrupt becomes active. And if the measurement value goes below the threshold 'L' value, the interrupt becomes inactive.

In case of latch mode once the interrupt becomes active, it keeps the status until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.

In case of persistence function is set to active, if the interrupt is inactive, it keeps inactive status until the measurement value is beyond the threshold 'H' value continuously. If the interrupt is active, it keeps active status until the measurement value is below threshold 'L' value continuously or until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.

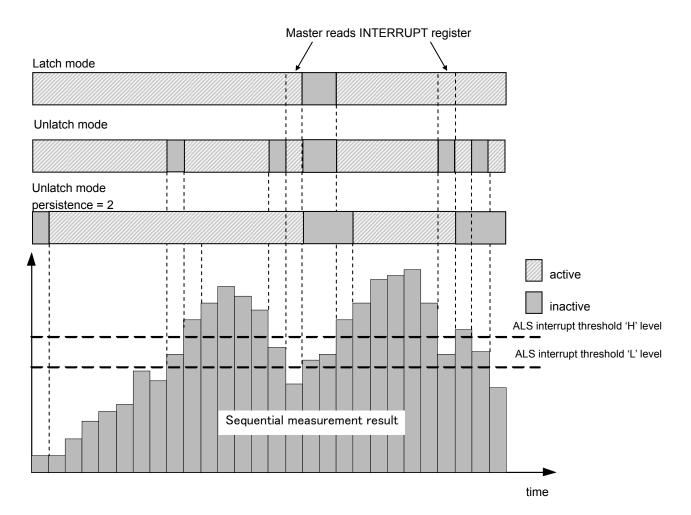


ex3) Ambient light sensor interrupt function

In case of unlatch mode if the measurement value is within the range set by ALS interrupt threshold 'H' and 'L' value, the interrupt becomes inactive. And if the measurement value is out of the range set by threshold 'H' and 'L' value, the interrupt becomes active.

In case of latch mode once the interrupt becomes active, it keeps the status until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.

In case that persistence function is set to active, if the interrupt is inactive, it keeps inactive status until the measurement value is continuously out of the range set by threshold 'H' and 'L' value. If the interrupt is active, it keeps active status until the measurement value is continuously within the range set by threshold 'H' and 'L' value or until end of measurement after INTERRUPT register is read.



Command set

Address	Туре	Register name	Register function
40h	RW	ALS_CONTROL	ALS operation mode control and SW reset
41h	RW	PS_CONTROL	PS operation mode control
42h	RW	I_LED	LED current setting
43h	RW	Reserved register 1	-
44h	RW	ALS_PS_MEAS	Forced mode trigger
45h	RW	PS_MEAS_RATE	PS measurement rate
46h	RW	ALS_MEAS_RATE	ALS measurement rate
4Ah	R	Reserved register 2	-
4Bh	R	Reserved register 3	-
4Ch	R	ALS_DATA_0	ALS data (Low Byte)
4Dh	R	ALS_DATA_1	ALS data (High Byte)
4Eh	R	ALS_PS_STATUS	Measurement data and interrupt status
4Fh	R	PS_DATA	PS data
50h	R	Reserved register 4	-
51h	R	Reserved register 5	-
52h	RW	INTERRUPT	Interrupt setting
53h	RW	PS_TH_H	PS interrupt H threshold
54h	RW	Reserved register 6	-
55h	RW	Reserved register 7	-
56h	RW	ALS_TH_UP_0	ALS upper threshold low byte
57h	RW	ALS_TH_UP_1	ALS upper threshold high byte
58h	RW	ALS_TH_LOW_0	ALS lower threshold low byte
59h	RW	ALS_TH_LOW_1	ALS lower threshold high byte
5Ah	RW	ALS_SENSITIVITY	ALS sensitivity setting
5Bh	RW	PERSISTENCE	INT pin INTERRUPT persistence setting
5Ch	RW	PS_TH_L	PS interrupt L threshold
5Dh	RW	Reserved register 8	-
5Eh	RW	Reserved register 9	-

OALS_CONTROL (40h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RES	RES	RES	RES	ALS	SW	ALS mo	de
				Resolution	Reset		

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
RES	7:4	RW	Write "0000"
ALS Resolution	3	RW	0 : H-Resolution mode, 1 lx step output
			1 : M-Resolution mode, 4 lx step output
SW reset	2	RW	0 : initial reset is not started 1 : initial reset is started
			00 : Standby mode
ALS mode	1:0	RW	01 : Don't use.
ALS mode	1.0		10 : Forced mode
			11 : Stand alone mode

OPS_CONTROL (41h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	PS mode	;

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description	
NA	7:2	-	Ignored	
			00 : Standby mode	
DC mode	1.0	RW	01 : Don't use.	
PS mode	1:0 F	RVV	10 : Forced mode	
			11 : Stand alone mode	

OI_LED (42h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserve	d				LED curr	ent	

default value 1Bh

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:3	RW	write "00011"
			000 : 5mA
			001 : 10mA
			010 : 20mA
LED current	2:0	RW	011 : 50mA
			100 : 100mA
			101 : 150mA
			11X : 200mA

OReserved register 1 (43h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Rese	erved		

default value 03h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
NA	7:3	-	Ignored
Reserved	2:0	RW	000 : 5mA

OALS_PS_MEAS (44h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	ALS	PS
						trigger	trigger

default value 00h

default value 05h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description	
NA	7:2	-	Ignored	
ALS trigger	1	RW	0 : Ignored 1 : Start ALS measurement at force mode ^{*2}	
PS trigger	0	RW	0 : Ignored 1 : Start PS measurement at force mode ^{*2}	

^{*2} Even if trigger is set during measurement, the measurement doesn't restart. The measurement will start, in case that It is set to forced mode by ALS_CONTROL register (40h) or PS_CONTROL register (41h) and is not during measurement.

OPS_MEAS_RATE (45h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	PS meas	s rate		

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
NA	7:4	-	Ignored
PS meas rate	3:0	RW	0000 : 10ms 0001 : 20ms 0010 : 30ms 0011 : 50ms 0100 : 70ms 0101 : 100ms 0110 : 200ms 1011 : 500ms 1000 : 1000ms 1001 : 2000ms 101X : 2000ms 11XX : 2000ms

OALS_MEAS_RATE (46h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALS							
rate	х	х	Х	Х	A	_S meas ra	te
disable							

default value 02h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS rate disable	7	RW	0 : ALS meas rate(46h<2:0>) is active 1 : ALS meas rate(46h<2:0>) is inactive
NA	6:3	-	Ignored
ALS meas rate	2:0	RW	000 : 100ms 001 : 200ms 010 : 500ms 011 : 1000ms 1XX : 2000ms

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OReserved register 2 (4Ah)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

default value 93h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
NA	7:0	R	Reserved

OReserved register 3 (4Bh)

7 6 5 4 5 2 1 0 X X X X X X X X X		7	é	F	4	2	2	1	0
X X X X X X X X	ļ	1	0	Э	4	3	2	I	0
		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

default value 01h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
NA	7:0	R	Reserved

OALS_DATA (4Ch, 4Dh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALS dat	а						

default value 00h

Register	Address	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS data LSBs	4Ch	7:0	R	ALS data Low byte
ALS data MSBs	4Dh	7:0	R	ALS data High byte

OALS_PS_STATUS(4Eh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALS INT status	ALS data status	Reserve	ed			PS INT status	PS data status

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS INT status	7	R	0 : ALS interrupt signal inactive
ALS INT STATUS /			1 : ALS interrupt signal active
ALS data status	6 R		0 : ALS old data (data is already read)
ALS Uata status	0	ĸ	1 : ALS new data (data is renewed after previous reading)
Reserved	5:2	R	-
	4	D	0 : PS interrupt signal inactive
PS INT status	1	R	1 : PS interrupt signal active
	0	р	0 : PS old data (data is already read)
PS data status	0	R	1 : PS new data (data is renewed after previous reading)

ALS interrupt signal inactive means that ALS measurement result is within threshold level set by ALS_TH register(56h, 57h, 58h, 59h). ALS interrupt signal active means measurement result is out of threshold level set by ALS_TH register. PS interrupt signal active means PS measurement result exceeds threshold level defined by PS_TH_H register(53h). PS interrupt signal inactive means PS measurement result does not exceed threshold level set by PS_TH_H register. When PS interrupt hysteresis(INTERRUPT register 52h<4>) is 'H', if once interrupt signal becomes active, it is kept until measurement result becomes less than PS_TH_L(5Ch) register value.

OPS_DATA (4Fh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PS data							

default value 00h

Register	Bit	Туре	Description
PS data	7:0	R	PS measurement data

OReserved register 4 (50h)

	/						
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	R	Reserved

OReserved register 5 (51h)

 	• • • •	/						
7		6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	R	Reserved

OINTERRUPT (52h)

~	,							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Х	Х	Interru	PS	Output	Interrupt	Interrup	ot mode
			pt	Interrupt	mode	polarity		
			source	hysteresis				

default value 08h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
NA	7:6	-	Ignored
Interrupt source	5	R	0 : First interrupt triggered by ALS
interrupt source	Ŭ		1 : First interrupt triggered by PS
PS Interrupt	4	RW	0 : Use PS_TH_H only.
hysteresis	4	RVV	1 : Use PS_TH_H and PS_TH_L for hysteresis
Output mode	3	RW	0 : INT pin is latched until INTERRUPT register is read.
Output mode	3		1 : INT pin is updated after each measurement.
Interrupt polarity	2	RW	0 : INT pin is logic 'L' when interrupt signal is active
	2		1 : INT pin is logic 'L' when interrupt signal is inactive
			00 : INT pin is inactive.
Interrunt mode	1:0		01 : Triggered by only PS measurement
Interrupt mode	1.0	RW	10 : Triggered by only ALS measurement
			11 : Triggered by PS and ALS measurement

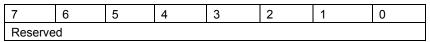
OPS_TH_H (53h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PS H th	reshold						

default value FFh

Register	Bit	Туре	Description
PS_TH_H	7:0	RW	PS Interrupt H threshold level

OReserved register 6 (54h)



default value FFh

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	RW	write "11111111"

OReserved register 7 (55h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved							

default value FFh

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	RW	write "1111111"

OALS_TH_UP (56h, 57h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ALS upp	ALS upper threshold data								

default value FFh

Register	Address	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS TH upper LSBs	56h	7:0	RW	ALS interrupt upper threshold (Low byte)
ALS TH upper MSBs	57h	7:0	RW	ALS interrupt upper threshold (High byte)

OALS_TH_LOW (58h, 59h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
ALS low	ALS lower threshold data								

default value 00h

Register	Address	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS TH lower LSBs	58h	7:0	RW	ALS interrupt lower threshold (Low byte)
ALS TH lower MSBs	59h	7:0 RW		ALS interrupt lower threshold (High byte)

OALS_SENSITIVITY (5Ah)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ALS sen	ALS sensitivity data							

default value 35h

Register	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS sensitivity data	7:0	RW	ALS sensitivity adjustment register (refer to P25)

OPERSISTENCE (5Bh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALS pe	rsistence			PS persis	stence		

default value 11h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
ALS persistence	7:4	RW	Persistence for ALS interrupt.
PS persistence	3:0	RW	Persistence for PS interrupt.

OPS_TH_L (5Ch)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PS L thr	eshold						

default value 00h

Register	Bit	Туре	Description
PS_TH_L	7:0	RW	PS Interrupt L threshold level

OReserved register 8 (5Dh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserve	d						

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	RW	write "00000000"

OReserved register 9 (5Eh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserve	ed						

default value 00h

Field	Bit	Туре	Description
Reserved	7:0	RW	write "00000000"

Current consumption

BH1772GLC can operate ALS and PS individually. Average current consumption is depend on each statuses and measurement duration

(set by 45h, 46h register). Major elements which decide VCC current consumption are like following table.

Parameter	Symbol	Тур.	Units	Comment
ALS part's current	IccALS	140	μΑ	Except for ALS/PS common circuit current.
PS part's current	IccPS	250	μA	Except for ALS/PS common circuit current. Current flow for 1.4ms
PS current during driving LED	Icc3	6.5	mA	
ALS/PS common ciruit current	lcccmn	60	μA	

 Current consumption in case of operating only ALS VCC current consumption can calculate according to following formula.

ICC(only ALS) = IccALS * (100ms / ALS meas rate) +Icccmn

For example in case measurement rate is 500ms, the value is as following. e. g.) ICC(onlyALS) = $140\mu A (100ms / 500ms) + 60\mu A = 88\mu A$

2) Current consumption in case of operating only PS

VCC current consumption can calculate according to following formula.

ICC(only PS) = IccPS * (1.4ms / PS meas rate) +Icccmn + Icc3 * (200µs / PS meas rate)

VDD_LED current consumption can calculate according to following formula.

IVDD_LED = 200µs / PS meas rate

For example in case it drives 50mA and measurement rate is 100ms, the value is as following. e. g.) ICC(onlyPS) = 250μ A * (1.4ms / 100ms) + 60μ A + 6.5mA * (200μ s / 100ms) = 76.5μ A IVDD LED = 50mA * (200μ s / 100ms) = 100μ A

 Current consumption in case of operating ALS and PS at the same time. VCC current consumption can calculate according to following formula.

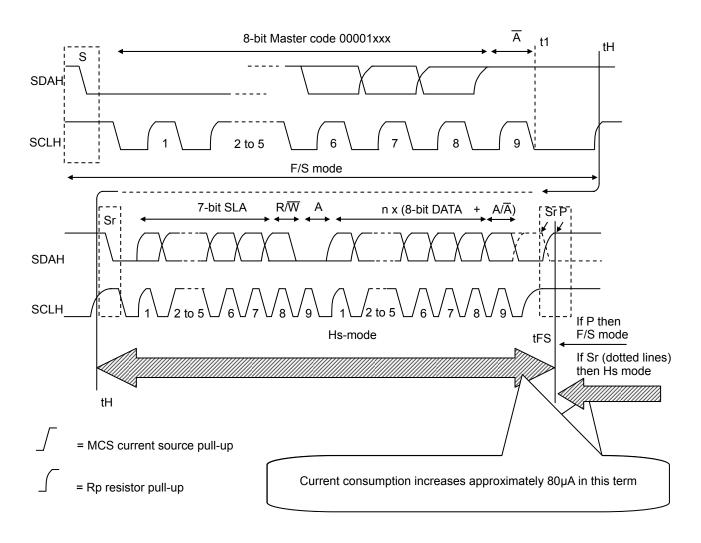
ICC(ALS+PS) = Icc(onlyALS) + Icc(onlyPS) - Icccmn

For example in case ALS measurement rate is 500ms and PS measurement rate is 100ms and it drives 50mA, the value is as following.

e.g.) ICC(ALS+PS) = 88µA + 76.5µA - 60µA = 104.5µA

VDD_LED current consumption can calculate same as the case of operating only PS.

 I²C bus High speed mode BH1772GLC support I²C bus Hs mode. VCC current consumption increases approximately 80µA during Hs- mode.



5) In case of waiting trigger at forced mode ALS/PScommon cucuit current (Icccmn) is flow.

ALS Measurement mode explanation

Measurement Mode	Measurement Time	Resolution
H-Resolution mode	typ. 100ms.	1 Lx
M-Resolution mode	typ.16ms.	4 Lx

We recommend to use H-Resolution Mode.

Measurement time (integration time) of H-Resolution mode is so long that some kind of noise(including in 50Hz / 60Hz noise) is rejected. And H-Resolution mode is 1 I x resolution so that it is suitable for darkness.

Regarding ALS measurement result

ALS measurement result is registered as following format

ALS DATA LSB (4Ch)

0/11								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	2 ⁷	2 ⁶	2 ⁵	2 ⁴	2 ³	2 ²	2 ¹	2 ⁰

ALS DATA MSB (4Dh)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2 ¹⁵	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹³	2 ¹²	2 ¹¹	2 ¹⁰	2 ⁹	2 ⁸

ALS Lux calculation example

ALS DATA LSB = "1001_0000" ALS DATA MSB = "1000 0011"

 $(2^{15} + 2^9 + 2^8 + 2^7 + 2^4) \approx 33680 [lx]$

Regarding PS measurement result

PS measurement result is converted to logarithm 8bit data and is registered as following format

PS	DATA	(4Fh	ו)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2 ⁷	2 ⁶	2 ⁵	2 ⁴	2 ³	2 ²	2 ¹	2 ⁰

The data seeing above register is possible to change the irradiance.

Approximation formula is seeing in below.

Irradiance : 10 ^ (PS_DATA * 0.0197) [µW/cm^2]

PS irradiance calculation example

PS_DATA = "1000_0101 "

10 ^ (($2^7 + 2^2 + 2^0$) x 0.0197) = 10^(133 x 0.0197) = 417 [μ W/cm^2]

ALS sensitivity adjustment function

BH1772GLC is possible to change ALS sensitivity. And it is possible to cancel the optical window influence (difference with / without optical window) by using this function. Adjustment is done by changing measurement time. For example, when transmission rate of optical window is 50% (measurement result becomes 0.5 times if optical window is set), influence of optical window is ignored by changing sensor sensitivity from default to 2 times.

Sensitivity can be adjusted by ALS_SENSITIVITY(5Ah). For example, sensitivity 2 times when the value of the register is 2 times, and the measurement time 2 times, too.

The range of adjusting ALS_SENSITIVITY is below.

		Min.	Тур.	Max.
Adjustable range of	binary	0001_1000 (sensitivity: default * 0.45)	0011_0101 default	1111_110 (sensitivity: default * 4.79)
ALS_SENSITIVITY	decimal	(sensitivity: default * 0.45)	53 default	254 (sensitivity: default * 4.79)

It is possible to detect 0.21lx by using this function at H-resolution mode.

The below formula is to calculate illuminant per 1 count.

Illuminant per 1 count (lx / count) = 1 * 53 / X

53 : Default value of ALS_SENSITIVITY register (decimal)X : ALS SENSITIVITY register value (decimal)

Illuminant per 1 count is as following within adjustable range of ALS_SENSITIVITY.

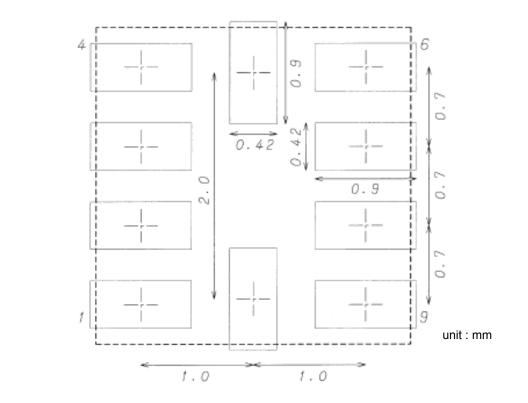
ALS_SENSITIVITY register value	Illuminant per 1count(lx / count)
0001_1000	2.21
0011_0101	1.00
1111_1110	0.21

Please input the opecode at Power Down state to change ALS_SENSITIVITY register. There is a possibility of malfunction when the opecode to change ALS_SENSITIVITY register is input while the illuminant measurement is on-going

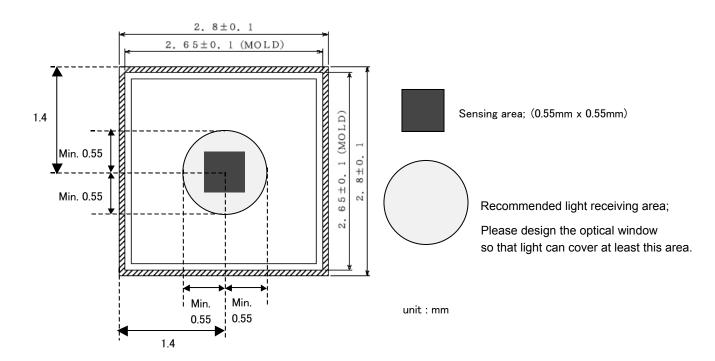
In stand alone mode, if ALS measurement time exceeds the value defined ALS_MEAS_RATE register, ALS_MEAS_RATE register value is ignored. Next measurement is started immediately after one measurement completion.

Recommended land pattern

Bottom View



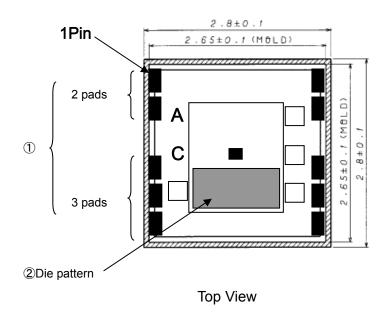
Optical window design above the device



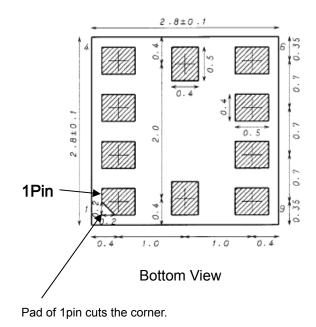
•The method of distinguishing 1pin

There is the following methods of distinguishing 1pin.

- ① Distinguishing by Pad design of top side. There are 5 pads in the one side of a top side. There is a space between 2 pads and 3 pads.
- 2 Distinguishing by Die pattern.



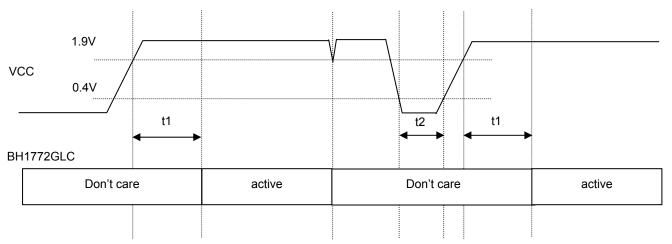
③ Distinguishing by Pad design of bottom side.



•Power on reset function

BH1772GLC has power on reset function. By operating this function, all of registers are reset when the power is supplied. Please note followings and design the application.

- Power on time : t1 BH1772GLC becomes operational after 2ms since VCC voltage crosses 1.9V from being less than 0.4V.
- Power off time : t2 Before the power is supplied, VCC voltage should be less than 0.4V at least for 1ms.



*"active state" means that BH1772GLC is correctly operational.

INT terminal is high impedance when VCC is supplied.

Cautions on use

1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage (Vccmax, VSDAmax, VSCLmax, VINTmax, VGNDNCmax, VLEDCmax), temperature range of operating conditions (Topr), etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

2) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal and GND_LED terminal so that they will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

3) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

- Operation in strong electromagnetic field Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.
- 5) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

6) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals; such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. In addition, apply to the input terminals a voltage within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

7) Thermal design

Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the power dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

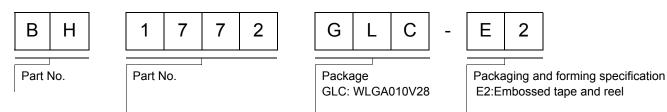
8) Treatment of package

Dusts or scratch on the photo detector may affect the optical characteristics. Please handle it with care.

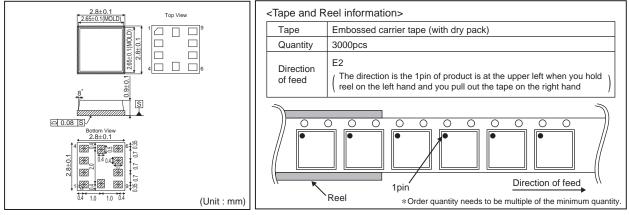
9) RUSH current

When power is first supplied to the CMOS IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and rush current may flow instantaneously. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

Ordering part number



WLGA010V28



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