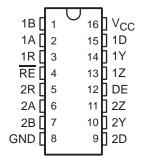
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- Meet or Exceed Standards TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU Recommendation V.11
- BiCMOS Process Technology
- Low Supply-Current Requirements:
  9 mA Max
- Low Pulse Skew
- Receiver Input Impedance . . . 17 kΩ Typ
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . . ±200 mV
- Receiver Common-Mode Input Voltage Range of -7 V to 7 V
- Operate From Single 5-V Power Supply
- Glitch-Free Power-Up/Power-Down Protection
- Receiver 3-State Outputs Active-Low Enable for SN75C1167 Only
- Improved Replacements for the MC34050 and MC34051

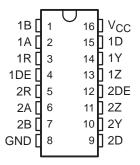
### description

The SN75C1167 and SN75C1168 dual drivers and receivers are monolithic integrated circuits designed for balanced transmission lines. The devices meet TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU recommendation V.11.

# SN75C1167 ... N OR NS<sup>†</sup> PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



# SN75C1168 ... N OR NS<sup>†</sup> PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



<sup>†</sup> The NS package is only available left-ended taped and reeled (order device SNx5C116xNSLE).

The SN75C1167 combines dual 3-state differential line drivers and 3-state differential line receivers, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can be connected externally together to function as direction control. The SN75C1168 drivers have individual active-high enables.

The SN75C1167 and SN75C1168 are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



#### **Function Tables**

### **EACH DRIVER**

INPUT ENABLE		OUTPUTS		
D	DE	Υ	Z	
Н	Н	Н	L	
L	Н	L	Н	
Х	L	Z	z	

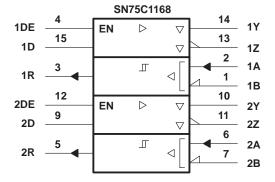
#### **SN75C1167, EACH RECEIVER**

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A – B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
V <sub>ID</sub> ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
$-0.2 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{ID}} < 0.2 \text{ V}$	L	?
$V_{ID} \le -0.2 V$	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

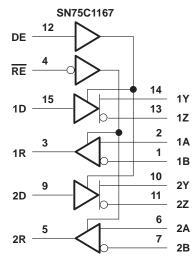
# logic symbol†

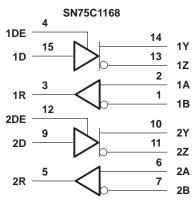
#### SN75C1167 12 DE EN1 4 RE EN2 14 1Y $\triangleright$ 1 ▽ 15 1D 13 1Z 1 ▽ 2 П 1A 1R ▽ 2 $\triangleleft$ 1 1B 10 2Y 1 ▽ 9 2D 11 2Z 1 ▽ 6 I 2A 2R 7 $\triangleleft$ 2B



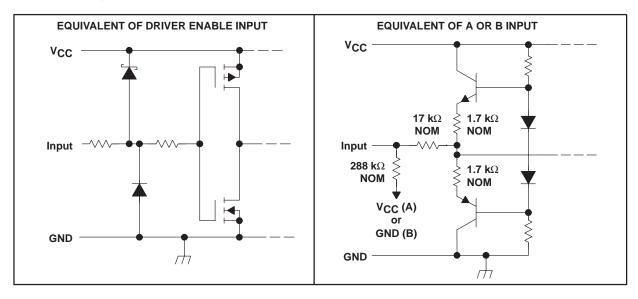
† These symbols are in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

# logic diagram (positive logic)

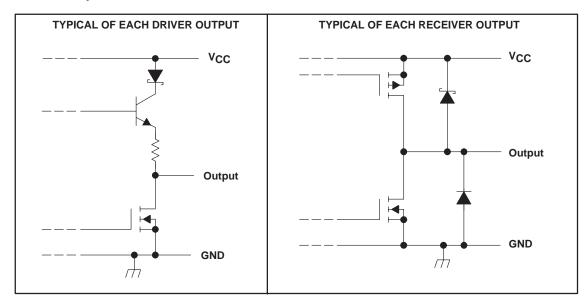




# schematics of inputs



# schematics of outputs



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# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	0.5 V to 7 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub>	$\dots$ -0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (A or B, Receiver)	–11 V to 14 V
Differential input voltage range, V <sub>ID</sub> , Receiver (see Note 2)	14 V to 14 V
Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> , Driver	5 V to 7 V
Clamp current range, I <sub>IK</sub> or I <sub>OK</sub> , Driver	±20 mA
Output current range, IO, Driver	
Supply current, I <sub>CC</sub>	200 mA
GND current	
Output current range, I <sub>O</sub> , Receiver	±25 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values except differential input voltage are with respect to the network GND.
  - 2. Differential input voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal with respect to the inverting terminal.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{$\Delta$}} \leq 25^{\circ}\mbox{$C$}$ POWER RATING	OPERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING		
N	1250 mW	10 mW/°C	800 mW	650 mW		
NS	625 mW	5 mW/°C	400 mW	325 mW		

### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	5	5.5	V
Common-mode input voltage, V <sub>IC</sub> (see Note 3)	Receiver			±7	V
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub>	Receiver			±7	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	Except A, B	2			V
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	Except A, B			0.8	V
High level output ourrent leve	Receiver			-6	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Driver			-20	IIIA
Low lovel output current les	Receiver			6	mA
Low-level output current, IOL	Driver			20	IIIA
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>		0		70	°C

NOTE 3: Refer to TIA/EIA-422-B for exact conditions.



#### **DRIVER SECTION**

# electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
VIK	Input clamp voltage	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$					-1.5	V
Vон	High-level output voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	$V_{IL} = 0.8 V$ ,	$I_{OH} = -20 \text{ mA}$	2.4	3.4		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	$V_{IL} = 0.8 V$ ,	$I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA}$		0.2	0.4	V
VOD1	Differential output voltage	IO = 0  mA			2		6	V
V <sub>OD2</sub>	Differential output voltage				2	3.1		V
Δ V <sub>OD</sub>	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage	D. 400.0	. 400 O. See Figure 4 and Note 2				±0.4	V
Voc	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L$ = 100 Ω, See Figure 1 and Note 3					±3	V
ΔIVOCI	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage						±0.4	V
1	Output ourrent with newer off (see Note 2)	V 0.V	V <sub>O</sub> = 6 V				100	μΑ
lO(OFF)	Output current with power off (see Note 3)	ACC = 0	$V_0 = -0.25 \text{ V}$				-100	μΑ
10-	High-impedance-state output current	$V_0 = 2.5 V$					20	^
loz	nigh-impedance-state output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V					-20	μΑ
lіН	High-level input current	VI = VCC or	VIH				1	μΑ
Iμ	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>IL</sub>				-1	μΑ	
los	Short-circuit output current	AO = ACC ou	· GND,	See Note 4	-30		-150	mA
loo	Supply current (total package)	No load,	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or $C$	GND		4	6	mA
Icc	Supply current (total package)	Enabled	$V_I = 2.4 \text{ or } 0.5$	V, See Note 5		5	9	IIIA
Ci	Input capacitance					6		pF

† All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V and  $T_A$  = 25°C. NOTES: 3. Refer to TIA/EIA-422-B for exact conditions.

- 4. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and the duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.
- 5. This parameter is measured per input, while the other inputs are at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$R_1 = R_2 = 50 \Omega$ , $R_3 = 500 \Omega$ ,		7	12	ns			
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 40 \text{ pF},$	S1 is open,		7	12	ns		
tsk(p)	Pulse skew	See Figure 2			0.5	4	ns		
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	$R_1 = R_2 = 50 \Omega,$ $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 40 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 3			$R_3 = 500 \Omega$ ,		5	10	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time		S1 is open,		5	10	ns		
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level	$R_1 = R_2 = 50 \Omega$			10	19	ns		
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 40 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 4	$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 40 \text{ pF}$ , S1 is closed, See Figure 4		10	19	ns		
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	Output disable time from low level	$R_1 = R_2 = 50 \Omega$ , $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 40 \text{ pF}$ ,			$R_3 = 500 \Omega$ , S1 is closed,		7	16	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 4	or is closed,		7	16	ns		

 $<sup>\</sup>uparrow$  All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.



#### **RECEIVER SECTION**

# electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>IT+</sub>	VIT+ Positive-going input threshold voltage, differential input				0.2	V		
V <sub>IT</sub> _	Negative-going input threshold vifferential input	oltage,			-0.2‡			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Input hysteresis (V <sub>IT+</sub> – V <sub>IT-</sub> )					60		mV
VIK	Input clamp voltage, RE	SN75C1167	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA				-1.5	V
Vон	High-level output voltage		$V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}, \qquad I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$		3.8	4.2		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage		$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV},$	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}, \qquad I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$		0.1	0.3	V
loz	High-impedance-state output current	SN75C1167	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND			±0.5	±5	μА
١.	Line input ourrent		Other input at 0 \/	V <sub>I</sub> = 10 V			1.5	mA
11	Line input current		Other input at 0 V	V <sub>I</sub> = -10 V			-2.5	IIIA
lı	Enable input current, RE	SN75C1167	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND				±1	μΑ
rį	Input resistance		$V_{IC} = -7 V \text{ to } 7 V$	Other input at 0 V	4	17		kΩ
				$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		4	6	
Icc	Supply current (total package)		No load, Enabled	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.4 V or 0.5 V, See Note 5		5	9	mA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 6)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP†	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	See Figure 5		9	17	27	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output			9	17	27	ns
tTLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 V, See Figure 5			4	9	ns
tTHL	Transition time, high- to low-level output	$V \mid C = 0 \text{ V},$	See Figure 5		4	9	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level				13	22	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	R <sub>I</sub> = 1 kW, See Figure 6			13	22	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output disable time from high level		L = 1 kvv, See Figure 0		13	22	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level				13	22	ns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

NOTE 6: Measured per input while the other inputs are at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The algebraic convention, where the less positive (more negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

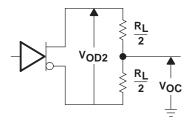
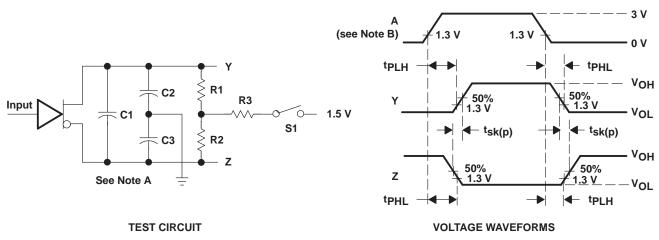


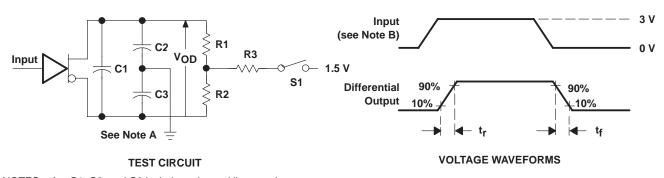
Figure 1. Driver Test Circuit,  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OD}}$  and  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OC}}$ 



NOTES: A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_f = t_f \le 6$  ns.

Figure 2. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

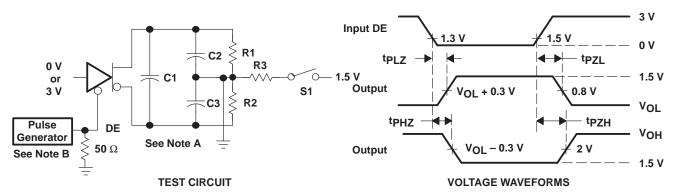


NOTES: A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_{\Gamma} = t_{\overline{1}} \le 6$  ns.

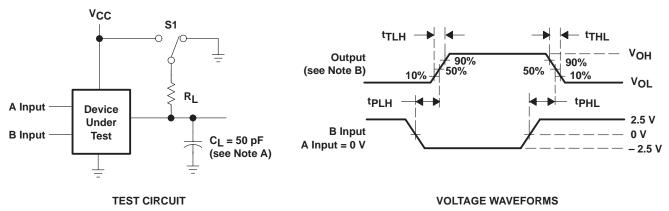
Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_f = t_f \le 6$  ns.

Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

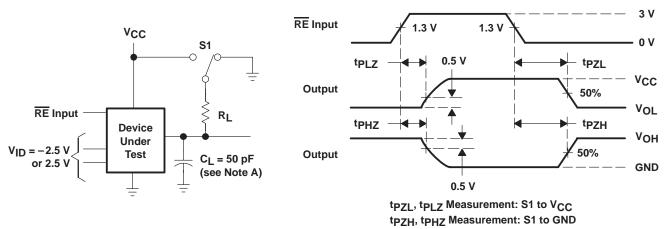


NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_{\Gamma}$  =  $t_{f} \leq$  6 ns.

Figure 5. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST CIRCUIT

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%,  $t_\Gamma$  =  $t_f \leq$  6 ns.

Figure 6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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