

RTE Series — Analog Timers



- 20 time ranges and 10 timing functions
- Time delays up to 600 hours
- Space-saving package
- High repeat accuracy of \pm 0.2%
- ON and timing OUT LED indicators
- Standard 8- or 11-pin and 11-blade termination
- 2 form C delayed output contacts
- 10A Contact Rating



Cert. No. E9950913332316 (EMC, RTE) cert. No. BL960813332355 (LVD, RTE)



UL Listed File No. E66043



			Ge	neral Specificati	ons				
Operati	on Syster	n		Solid state CMOS	Circuit				
Operati	on Type			Multi-Mode					
Time Ra	ange			0.1sec to 600 hour	rs				
Pollutio	n Degree)		2 (IE60664-1)					
Over vo	Itage cat	egorv		III (IE60664-1)					
			AF20	100-240V AC(50/60Hz)					
		al	AD24	,	,				
Voltage	!		D12	12V DC					
			AF20	,	,				
Voltage	Tolerand	e	AD24	20.4-26.4V AC(50)	/60Hz)/21.6-26.4V	DC			
			D12	10.8-13.2V DC					
Input of	Multi-Mode								
Ambien	t Operati	ng Tempe	rature	-20 to +65°C (with	out freezing)				
				-30 to +75°C (with	out freezing)				
Relative	Ambient Storage and Fransport Temperature Relative Humidity Atmospheric Pressure Reset Time Repeat Error Voltage Error			35 to 85%RH (without condensation)					
Atmosp	heric Pre	ssure		80kPa to 110kPa (Operating), 70kPa	to 110kPa (Transport)			
Reset Time				100msec maximur	m				
Repeat Error			±0.2%, ±20msec*						
Voltage	Voltage Error			±0.2%, ±20msec*					
Temper	Voltage Error Temperature Error			±0.5%, ±20msec*					
Setting	Error			±10% maximum					
Insulati	on Resist	ance		100MΩ minimum (500V DC)					
Dielect	ric Strenç	jth		Between contacts	of different poles:	2000V AC, 1 minute			
Vibratio	n Resista	nce		•					
Shock I	Resistanc	е		Damage limits: 49	0m/sec ² (50G)				
	of Protec	tion		IP40 (enclosure) (I	IEC60529)				
Power Consumption (Approx.)	TYPE			RTE-P1, -B1		RTE-P2, -B2			
j j	ΛE20	120V AC/	60Hz	6.5VA		6.6VA			
声들			60Hz	11.6VA		11.6VA			
App on s		0Hz/DC				3.5VA/1.7W			
						1.6W			
Mounti	ng Positio	n							
Dimens	ions								
		RTE-B1, E	32			DTE D4 D0			
Weight	(Approx.))				RTE-B1, -B2			
				87g	89g	85g			

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*For the value of the error against a preset time, whichever the largest.

	Contact	Ratings
Contac	t Configuration	2 Form C, DPDT (Delay output)
	able Voltage / able Current	240V AC, 30V DC / 10A
-	num Permissible ing Frequency	1800 cycles per hour
	Resistive	10A 240V AC, 30V DC
Rated	Inductive	7A 240V AC, 30V DC
Load	Horse Power Rat- ing	1/6 HP 120V AC, 1/3 HP 240V AC
Life	Electrical	500,000 op. minimum (Resistive)
	Mechanical	50,000,000 op. minimum

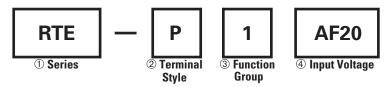
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Part Numbering Guide

RTE series part numbers are composed of 4 part number codes. When ordering a RTE series part, select one code from each category. Example: RTE-P1AF20



Part Numbers: RTE Series

	Description	Part Number Code	Remarks
① Series	RTE series	RTE	For internal circuits, see next page.
② Terminal Style	Pin	Р	Select one only.
© Terminar Style	Blade	В	defect one only.
3 Function	ON-delay, interval, cycle OFF, cycle ON	1	Each function group has different timing functions.
Group	ON-delay, cycle OFF, cycle ON, signal ON/OFF delay, OFF-delay, one-shot	2	See page G-4.
	100 to 240V AC(50/60Hz)	AF20	
4 Input Voltage	24V AC(50/60Hz)/24V DC	AD24	
	12V DC	D12	

Part Number List

Part Numbers

	Power T	riggered	Start Input Triggered			
Voltage	8-Pin	Blade	11-Pin	Blade		
12V DC	RTE-P1D12	RTE-B1D12	RTE-P2D12	RTE-B2D12		
24V AC/DC	RTE-P1AD24	RTE-B1AD24	RTE-P2AD24	RTE-B2AD24		
100-240V AC	RTE-P1AF20	RTE-B1AF20	RTE-P2AF20	RTE-B2AF20		

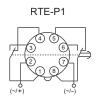
Time Range Table

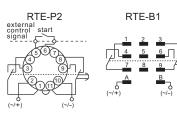
Time Range Determined by Time Range Selector & Dial Selector

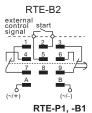
	Dial	0 - 1	0 - 3	0 - 10	0 - 30	0 - 60
	Second	0.1 sec - 1 sec	0.1 sec - 3 sec	0.2 sec - 10 sec	0.6 sec - 30 sec	1.2 sec - 60 sec
Range	Minute	1.2 sec - 1 min	3.6 sec - 3 min	12 sec - 10 min	36 sec - 30 min	1.2 min - 60 min
Rai	Hour	1.2 min - 1 hr	3.6 min - 3 hr	12 min - 10 hr	36 min - 30 hr	1.2 hr - 60 hr
	10 Hours	12 min - 10 hr	36 min - 30 hr	2 hr - 100 hr	6 hr - 300 hr	12 hr - 600 hr



Timing Diagrams









1. RTE-P2: Do not apply voltage to terminals #5, #6 & #7.
2. RTE-B1, -B2: Do not apply voltage to terminals #2, #5 & #8.
3. IDEC sockets are as follows: RTE-P1: SR2P-06* pin type socket, RTE-P2: SR3P-05* pin type socket, RTE-B1, -B2: SR3B-05* blade type socket, (*-may be followed by suffix letter A,B,C or U).

A: ON-Delay 1 (power start)

Set timer for desired delay, apply power to coil. Contacts transfer after preset time has elapsed, and remain in transferred position until timer is reset. Reset occurs with removal of power.

	Tan or porror.			
Item	Terminal No.		Operation	
Power	(1)2-7 (2)A-B			l
Delayed	(1)1-4,5-8 (2)1-7,3-9 (NC)			
	(1)1-3,6-8 (2)4-7,6-9 (NO)			
Indicator	PWR			
indicator	OUT			
Set Time	-	-	Т	

C: Cycle 1 (power start, OFF first)

Set timer for desired delay, apply power to coil. First transfer of contacts occurs after preset delay has elapsed, after the next elapse of preset delay contacts return to original position. The timer now cycles between on and off as long as power is applied (duty ratio 1:1).

Item	Terminal No.			Operat	ion		
Power	(1)2-7 (2)A-B						
Contact	(1)1-4,5-8 (2)1-7,3-9 (NC)						
	(1)1-3,6-8 (2)4-7,6-9 (NO)						
Indicator	PWR						
	OUT						
Set Time	-	< _ >	<				

B: Interval (power start)

Set timer for desired delay, apply power to coil. Contacts transfer immediately, and return to original position after preset time has elapsed. Reset occurs with removal of power.

Item	Terminal No.	Operation	
Power	(1)2-7 (2)A-B		
	(1)1-4,5-8 (2)1-7,3-9 (NC)		
Contact	(1)1-3,6-8 (2)4-7,6-9 (NO)		
	PWR		
Indicator	OUT		
Set Time		<	

D: Cycle 3 (power start, ON first)

Functions in same manner as Mode C, with the exception that first transfer of contacts occurs as soon as power is applied. The ratio is 1:1. Time On = Time Off

Item	Terminal No.	Operation							
Power	(1)2-7 (2)A-B								
	(1)1-4,5-8 (2)1-7,3-9 (NC)					1			
Contact	(1)1-3,6-8 (2)4-7,6-9 (NO)								
Indicator	PWR								
	OUT								
Set Time		≺ _ →	≺ _T >						

RTE-P2, -B2

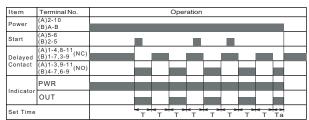
A: ON-Delay 2 (signal start)

When a preset time has elapsed after the start input turned on while power is on,

the NO	output contact g	goes on.			
Item	Terminal No.		Operation		
Power	(A)2-10 (B)A-B				ī .
Start	(A)5-6 (B)2-5				
Delayed	(A)1-4,8-11 (B)1-7,3-9			1	
Contact	(A)1-3,9-11 (B)4-7,6-9 (NO)				
	PWR				
Indicator	OUT				
Set Time					

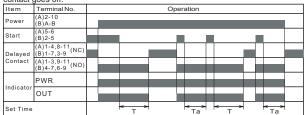
C: Cycle 4 (signal start, ON first)

When the start input turns on while power is on, the NO contact goes on. The output oscillates at a preset cycle (duty ratio 1:1).



E: Signal OFF-Delay

When power is turned on while the start input is on, the NO output contact goes on. When a preset time has elapsed after the start input turned off, the NO output contact goes off.



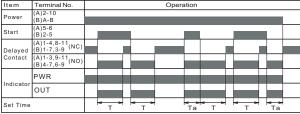
B: Cycle 2 (signal start, OFF first)

When the start input turns on while power is on, the output oscillates at a preset

Item	Terminal No.			(Opera	ition						
Power	(A)2-10 (B)A-B											
Start	(A)5-6 (B)2-5											
	(A)1-4,8-11 (B)1-7,3-9 (NC)								ı			
	(A)1-3,9-11 (B)4-7,6-9 (NO)											
	PWR											
Indicator	OUT											
Set Time		<>		<_ >		< _ >	< _ >	< _ >		<_ >	ح.	

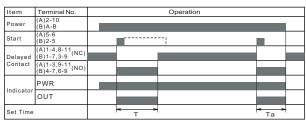
D: Signal ON/OFF-Delay

When the start input turns on while power is on, the NO output contact goes on. When a preset time has elapsed while the start input remains on, the output contact goes off. When the start input turns off, the NO contact goes on again. When a preset time has elapsed after the start input turned off, the NO contact goes off.



F: One-Shot (signal start)

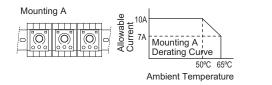
When the start input turns on while power is on, the NO output contact goes on When a preset time has elapsed, the NO output contact goes off.

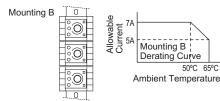


Note: T=Set Time, Ta=Shorter than set time, (1): RTE-P1, (2): RTE-B1, (A): RTE-P2, (B): RTE-B2



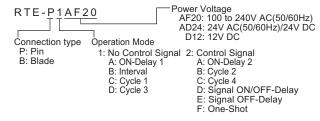
Temperature Derating Curves





Instructions

Types

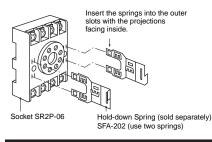


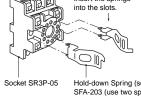
Switch Settings

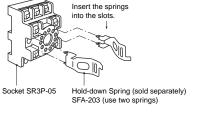


- ① Operation Mode Selector
- 2 Scale Selector
- 3 Time Range Selector
- 1. Turn the selectors securely using a flat screwdriver 4mm wide (maximum). Note that incorrect setting may cause malfunction. Do not turn the selectors beyond their limits.
- 2. Since changing the setting during timer operation may cause malfunction, turn power off before changing.

Installation of Hold-Down Springs **DIN Rail Mount Socket**







Safety Precautions

Special expertise is required to use Electronic Timers.

- All Electronic Timers are manufactured under IDEC's rigorous quality control system, but users must add a backup or fail safe provision to the control system when using the Electronic Timer in applications where heavy damage or personal injury may occur should the Electronic Timer fail.
- Install the Electronic Timer according to instructions described in this catalog.
- Make sure that the operating conditions are as described in the specifications. If you are uncertain about the specifications, contact IDEC in advance.
- In these directions, safety precautions are categorized in order of importance under Warning and Caution.

Warnings

Warning notices are used to emphasize that improper operation may cause severe personal injury or death.

• Turn power off to the Electronic timer before starting installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection on the Electronic Timer.

- Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shocks or fire hazard.
- Do not use the Electronic Timer for an **emergency stop circuit** or **interlocking circuit**. If the Electronic Timer should fail, a machine malfunction, breakdown, or accident may occur.

Caution

Caution notices are used where inattention might cause personal injury or damage to equipment.

- The Electronic Timer is designed for installation in equipment. Do not install the Electronic Timer outside equipment.
- Install the Electronic Timer in environments described in the specifications. If the Electronic Timer is used in places where it will be subjected to high-temperature, high-humidity, condensation, corrosive gases, excessive vibrations, or excessive shocks, then electrical shocks, fire hazard, or malfunction could result.
- Use an IEC60127-approved fuse and circuit breaker on the power and output line outside the Electronic Timer.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the Electronic Timer.
- When disposing of the Electronic Timer, do so as industrial waste.

DIN Rail Mounting Accessories

Part Numbers: DIN Rail/Surface Mount Sockets and Hold-Down Springs

DIN Rail Mount Socket				Applicable Hold-Down Springs	
Style	Appearance	Use with Timers	Part No.	Appearance	Part No.
11-Pin Screw Terminal (dual tier)		RTE-P2	SR3P-05	A ASS	SFA-203
11-Pin FingerSafe Socket		RTE-P2	SR3P-05C		
8-Pin Screw Terminal	ecc.	RTE-P1	SR2P-06	Carlo Co	SFA-202
11-Blade Screw Terminal		RTE-B1 RTE-B2	SR3B-05		
DIN Mounting Rail Length 1000mm		_	BNDN1000		

Panel Mounting Accessories

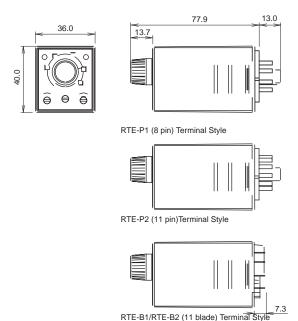
Part Numbers: Flush Panel Mount Adapter and Sockets that use an Adapter

Accessory	Description	apter and Sockets that use a Appearance	Use with	Part No.
Panel Mount Adapter	Adaptor for flush panel mounting RTE timers		All RTE timers	RTB-G01
Sockets for use with Panel Mount Adapter	8-pin screw terminal	(Shown: SR6P-M08G	RTE-P1	SR6P-M08G
	11-pin screw terminal	Wiring Socket Adapter)	RTE-P2	SR6P-M11G
	8-pin solder terminal		RTE-P1	SR6P-S08
	11-pin solder terminal		RTE-P2	SR6P-S11



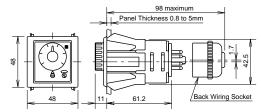
No hold down clips are available for flush panel mounting applications.

Dimensions

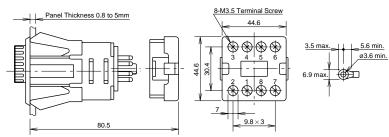




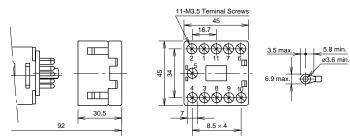
RTE Timer, 8-Pin and 11-Pin with SR6P-S08 or SR6P-S11



RTE Timer, 8-Pin with SR6P-M08G



RTE Timer, 11-Pin with SR6P-M11G



IDEC Timers



General Instructions for All Timer Series

Load Current

With inductive, capacitive, and incandescent lamp loads, inrush current more than 10 times the rated current may cause welded contacts and other undesired effects. The inrush current and steady-state current must be taken into consideration when specifying a timer.

Contact Protection

Switching an inductive load generates a counter-electromotive force (back EMF) in the coil. The back EMF will cause arcing, which may shorten the contact life and cause imperfect contact. Application of a protection circuit is recommended to safeguard the contacts.

Temperature and Humidity

Use the timer within the operating temperature and operating humidity ranges and prevent freezing or condensation. After the timer has been stored below its operating temperature, leave the timer at room temperature for a sufficient period of time to allow it to return to operating temperatures before use.

Environment

Avoid contact between the timer and sulfurous or ammonia gases, organic solvents (alcohol, benzine, thinner, etc.), strong alkaline substances, or strong acids. Do not use the timer in an environment where such substances are prevalent. Do not allow water to run or splash on the timer.

Vibration and Shock

Excessive vibration or shocks can cause the output contacts to bounce, the timer should be used only within the operating extremes for vibration and shock resistance. In applications with significant vibration or shock, use of hold down springs or clips is recommended to secure a timer to its socket.

Time Setting

The time range is calibrated at its maximum time scale; so it is desirable to use the timer at a setting as close to its maximum time scale as possible. For a more accurate time delay, adjust the control knob by measuring the operating time with a watch before application.

Input Contacts

Use mechanical contact switch or relay to supply power to the timer. When driving the timer with a solid-state output device (such as a two-wire proximity switch, photoelectric switch, or solid-state relay), malfunction may be caused by leakage current from the solid-state device. Since AC types comprise a capacitive load, the SSR dielectric strength should be two or more times the power voltage when switching the timer power using an SSR.

Generally, it is desirable to use mechanical contacts whenever possible to apply power to a timer or its signal inputs. When using solid state devices, be cautious of inrushes and back-EMF that may exceed the ratings on such devices. Some timers are specially designed so that signal inputs switch at a lower voltage than is used to power the timer (models designated as "B" type)

Timing Accuracy Formulas

Timing accuracies are calculated from the following formulas:

Repeat Error

= ± 1 x Maximum Measured Value – Minimum Measured Value x 100%

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Maximum Scale Value

Voltage Error

T_v: Average of measured values at voltage V T_{r:} Average of measured values at the rated voltage

Temperature Error

$$=\pm \frac{\text{Tt} - \text{T20}}{\text{T20}} \times 100\%$$

 T_t : Average of measured values at °C T_{20} : Average of measured values at 20°C

Setting Error

= ± Average of Measured Values - Set Value x 100% Maximum Scale Value