

## SF4001 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7

**Vishay Semiconductors** 

## **Ultra Fast Avalanche Sinterglass Diode**

#### Features

- · Glass passivated
- Hermetically sealed axial leaded glass
  envelope
- Low reverse current
- High reverse voltage
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

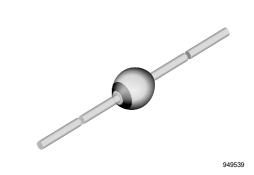
#### Applications

Switched mode power supplies High-frequency inverter circuits

#### **Mechanical Data**

Case: SOD-57 Sintered glass case

#### **Parts Table**



Terminals: Plated axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026 Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end Mounting Position: Any Weight: approx. 369 mg

Part	Type differentiation	Package
SF4001	$V_{R} = 50 \text{ V}; I_{FAV} = 1 \text{ A}$	SOD-57
SF4002	V <sub>R</sub> = 100 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57
SF4003	V <sub>R</sub> = 200 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57
SF4004	V <sub>R</sub> = 400 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57
SF4005	V <sub>R</sub> = 600 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57
SF4006	V <sub>R</sub> = 800 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57
SF4007	V <sub>R</sub> = 1000 V; I <sub>FAV</sub> = 1 A	SOD-57

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage = Repetitive peak reverse voltage	see electrical characteristics	SF4001	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	50	V
		SF4002	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	100	V
		SF4003	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	200	V
		SF4004	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	400	V
		SF4005	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	600	V
		SF4006	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	800	V
		SF4007	$V_{R} = V_{RRM}$	1000	V
Peak forward surge current	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms, half sinewave		I <sub>FSM</sub>	30	А

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Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Value	Unit
Average forward current	Lead length I = 10 mm		I <sub>FAV</sub>	1	А
Junction and storage temperature range			$T_j = T_{stg}$	- 55 to + 175	°C
Non repetitive reverse avalanche energy	l <sub>(BR)R</sub> = 0.4 A		E <sub>R</sub>	10	mJ

### **Maximum Thermal Resistance**

 $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient	Lead length I = 10 mm, $T_L$ = constant	R <sub>thJA</sub>	45	K/W
	on PC board neith spacing 25 mm	R <sub>thJA</sub>	100	K/W

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A	SF4001- SF4004	V <sub>F</sub>			1	V
		SF4005- SF4007	V <sub>F</sub>			1.7	V
Reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub>		I <sub>R</sub>			5	μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> , T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C		I <sub>R</sub>			50	μA
Reverse breakdown voltage	I <sub>R</sub> = 100 μA	SF4001	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	50			V
		SF4002	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	100			V
		SF4003	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	200			V
		SF4004	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	400			V
		SF4005	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	600			V
		SF4006	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	800			V
		SF4007	V <sub>(BR)R</sub>	1000			V
Reverse recovery time	I <sub>F</sub> = 0.5 A, I <sub>R</sub> = 1 A, i <sub>R</sub> = 0.25 A	SF4001- SF4004	t <sub>rr</sub>			50	ns
		SF4005- SF4007	t <sub>rr</sub>			75	ns



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#### Typical Characteristics (Tamb = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

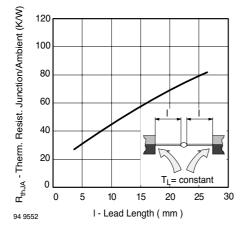


Figure 1. Max. Thermal Resistance vs. Lead Length

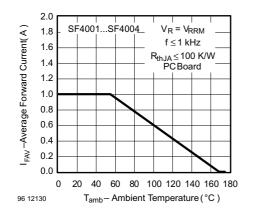


Figure 2. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

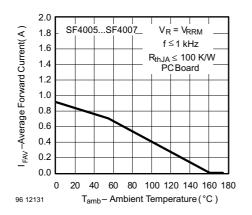


Figure 3. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

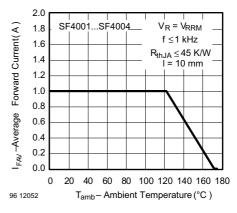


Figure 4. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

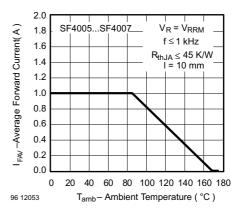
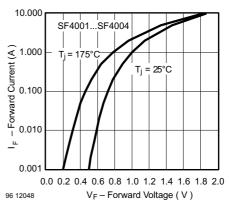


Figure 5. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature





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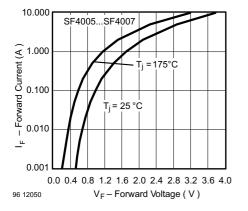


Figure 7. Max. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

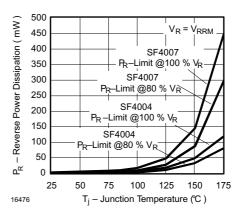


Figure 9. Max. Reverse Power Dissipation vs. Junction Temperature

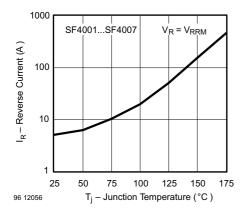


Figure 8. Max. Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature

### Package Dimensions in mm (Inches)

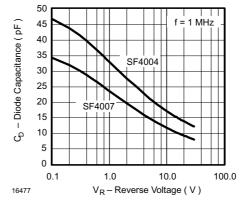
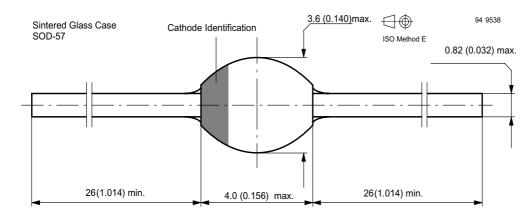


Figure 10. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage



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#### **Vishay Semiconductors**

### **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

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