AC-Powered, 31/2 Digit LED Digital Panel Meter



FEATURES DESCRIPTION Description B is a very low cost, dual AC-powered Digital Panel Meter. B is a very low cost. B is a very low

- Autozeroing, Ratiometric Reference for Drift Correction
- 1000 MΩ CMOS High Impedance Inputs
- Display .56" High Numerals Red LED
- Compact, Short Depth Case -3.00"W x 2.15"D x 1.76"H (76,2 x 54,6 x 44,7 mm)

APPLICATIONS

- Ammeter Accepts user-supplied shunts for ±20 μA to ±2A Full Scale Ranges
- Voltmeter Accepts user-supplied attenuators for ±2V to ±1 kV Full Scale Ranges
- Ohmmeter 200Ω to 10MΩ Full Scale Range



The DM-319 B uses a self-illuminated red LED display with .56" high numerals. It is clearly visible from many feet away in normal or dim light.

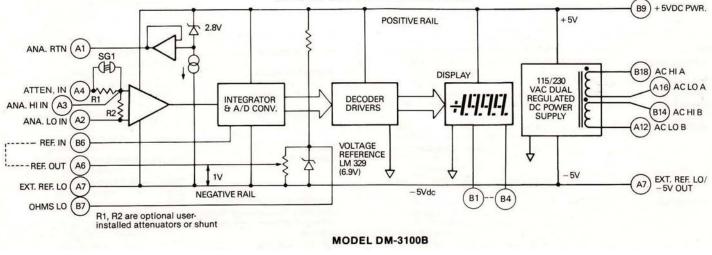
Inputs to the DM-3100B are balanced differential (80 dB Common Mode Rejection) so the meter will accurately display small signals even in electrically noisy industrial environments. CMOS circuitry results in an extremely high input impedance (1000 Megohms, typically) and a very low bias current of 5 picoamps - inputs with a source impedance as high as 100 kilohms can be displayed with accuracy. The input circuitry will also safely tolerate overvoltages up to ± 250 Vdc (155 VRMS). Inputs are sampled and displayed about four times per second.

Autozeroing and a ratiometric reference in-out loop permit the DM-3100B to be used for drift correction in bridge-type measurement systems. Meter accuracy is adjustable to $\pm 1/10\%$ (± 1 count). Temperature drift of zero is ± 1 count from 0 to 50°C, while temperature drift of gain runs typically ± 50 ppm of Reading/°C.

The AC-powered DM-3100B was designed for installations where existing dc supplies are noisy, inaccessible, or overloaded. This meter may be used wherever a voltage, or a unit which can be made proportional to voltage, must be displayed with accuracy and clarity. The basic input range of ± 1.999 Vdc can be expanded with a simple voltage divider to display voltages up to ± 1 kV or up to ± 2 A using current shunts. Blank pads on the meter's circuit board can accept user-supplied voltage attenuator resistors, current shunts, or digital ohmmeter components.

The DM-3100B is supplied in Datel's standard short depth black polycarbonate case, measuring only $3.00^{"}W \times 2.15^{"}D \times 1.76^{"}H$. All connections are made on the back panel to an optional 18-pin edge connector. Cutout dimensions are $1.812^{"}H \times 3.062^{"}W$ (46,0 x 77,8 mm), minimum.

Note: DPM's are supplied without bezel labels and logos.



SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM

DATEL

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DM-3100B

SPECIFICATIONS, DM-	3100B (Typical @ +25°C, unless	noted)	
ANALOG INPUT			
	True, balanced differential bipolar	Decimal Points	Connect selected pin to DECIMAL
	-1.999 Vdc to +1.999 Vdc Input pad area will accept user-	AND DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION	POINT COMMON (Pin B5) Connect this input to +5 Vdc (Pin B9)
	installed range change	Palada Facility (St. 10)	to light all display segments.
Input Bias Current Displayed Accuracy @ +25°C.		Polarity Enable (Pin A8)	Ground this input to Pin A9 to auto- matically display a minus sign for negative inputs.
Resolution	1 mV	Ohms Lo (Pin B7)	This connection is used in the ohm-
Temperature Drift of Zero	Autozeroed ±1 count over 0 to +50°C	In the design of the second first strategy and an second strategy of the second strategy of	meter configuration, otherwise do
Temperature Drift of Gain	±100 ppm of Reading/°C max.	POWER CONNECTIONS	For 115 VAC input: (parallel both
Input Impedance			windings)
Input Overvoltage	±250 Volts dc,155 VRMS con- tinuous max. ±300 Volts intermittent max.		1. Connect AC LINE HI A (Pin B18) to AC LINE HI B (Pin B14). Connect
Common Mode Rejection	80 dB, DC to 60 Hz, 1 Kilohm un- balance		both to the hot side of the AC line (mains).
Common Mode Voltage Range.			2. Connect AC LINE LO A (Pin A16) to
	where $+Vs$ is the positive rail (Pin B9) and $-Vs$ is the negative rail (Pin A7)).		AC LINE LO B (Pin A12). Connect both to the neutral side of the AC line (mains).
	-Vs is approximately equal to -5V		For 230 VAC input: (Series both
Warm-Up Time	below PWR. COM. (Pin A9) Within 10 minutes		windings)
	Internal, referred to the negative rail		1. Connect AC LINE HI B (Pin B14)
	(-Vs). External, user-supplied reference optional for ratiometric operation.		to AC LINE LO A (Pin A16). Make no other connections to these two leads.
External Ref. Range			2. Connect AC LINE HI A (Pin B18) to the the hot side of the AC line
Ramp-up Time	83.3 mS		(mains). 3. Connect AC LINE LO B (Pin A12) to the neutral side of the AC line
DISPLAY			(mains).
Number of Digits	3 decimal digits and most significant "1" digit (3½ digits)		DC Power Ground (Pin A9) may be connected to earth ground if input
Decimal Points			circuits permit. For DC-Power Only:
	Red, light-emitting diode (LED) self illuminated.		A bipolar ±5V power supply or two isolated single supplies are required.
Display Height			Connect +5V to Pin B9, -5V to Pin
Overscale	Inputs exceeding the full scale range blank the display, leaving a "1" MSD and sign.	POWER REQUIREMENTS	A7 and Power Ground to Pin A9
Autopolarity	A minus sign is automatically dis- played for negative inputs, and may	AC Power	115 or 230 VAC, ±10%, 47 to 440 Hz, 4 watts typical
	also be blanked	DC Power	+5V ±0.25 Vdc @ 250 mA typical, 400 mA max. and -5V Vdc @ 5
Sampling Rate	Factory set at 3 conversions per second. May be rewired up to 20 conversions/second.	Users will normally power from AC-only. DC-only power is optional.	mA typ, 25 mA max. Logic spikes must be less than 50 mV. Bypass
I/O CONNECTIONS		Calibration	supplies externally if necessary.
	Differential input voltages are see		A multiturn screwdriver pot adjusts the full scale reading (gain). Zero is
Analog HI Input (Pin A3) Analog LO Input (Pin A2)	Differential input voltages are con- nected between these inputs. A bias current path to POWER COMMON (if		automatic (autozeroing). Suggested recalibration in stable conditions is
	±5V-powered) or ANALOG RETURN	PHYSICAL-ENVIRONMEN	90 days.
	from both these inputs must be exter- nally provided. External circuits must constrain these inputs to be within	Short-Depth Case	Interchangeable with other
	the common mode voltage range. Connected in series through R1	Outline Dimensions	Datel cases. 3.00"W x 2.15"D x 1.76"H
Attenuator IN (Pin A4)	(Optional attenuator resistor) to Ana. HI In (Pin A3). Supplied with a jumper	Cutout Dimensions	(76,2 x 54,6 x 44,7 mm) 1.812"H x 3.062"W (46,0 x 77,7 mm)
	in place of R1.	Mounting Method	Through a front panel cutout secured
Analog Return (Pin A1)	This pin may be used as a low-noise bias current return for some floating		by (4) 4-40 front access screws which are concealed by the bezel.
	inputs. If not possible, inputs may be	Weight	Approximately 5 ounces (142g)
	referenced to POWER COMMON (if ±5V-powered). Analog Return is approximately -2.8V below +Vs and	Connector	Double-sided edgeboard PC type, solder tab, gold-plated fingers, Dual
	can sink 30 mA to -Vs.		18-pin, 0.100" centers, Datel #58-2075010, (not included)
Reference In/Out (Pins B6/A6).	Normally, REF. IN and REF. OUT	Mounting Position	Any
	should be jumpered together. An external floating source referred to	Operating Temperature Range.	0 to +50°C
	EXT. REF. LO (Pin A7) may be sub-	Storage Temperature Range Altitude	
A	stituted for ratiometric operation.	Relative Humidity	



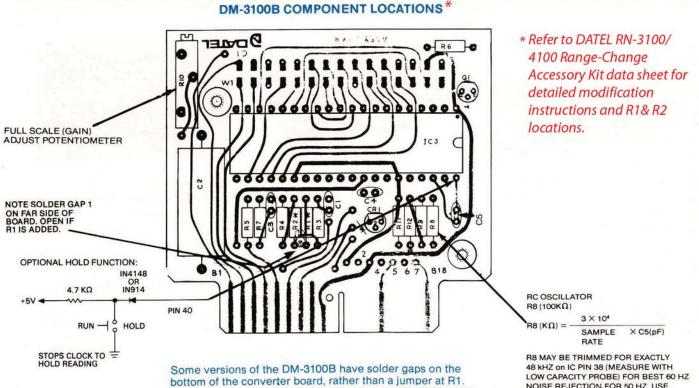
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DM-3100B

<u>muRata</u> Ps Murata Power Solutions

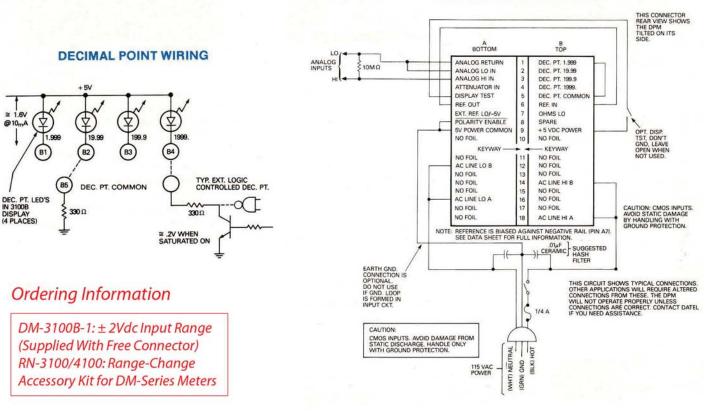
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Before attenuating resistors can be added to the DM-3100B, this solder gap must be opened with a soldering iron.

NOISE REJECTION. FOR 50 HZ, USE 120 pF AT C5 RETRIM. REDUCE **R8 FOR FASTER SAMPLING.**

INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS WITH SINGLE-ENDED INPUT

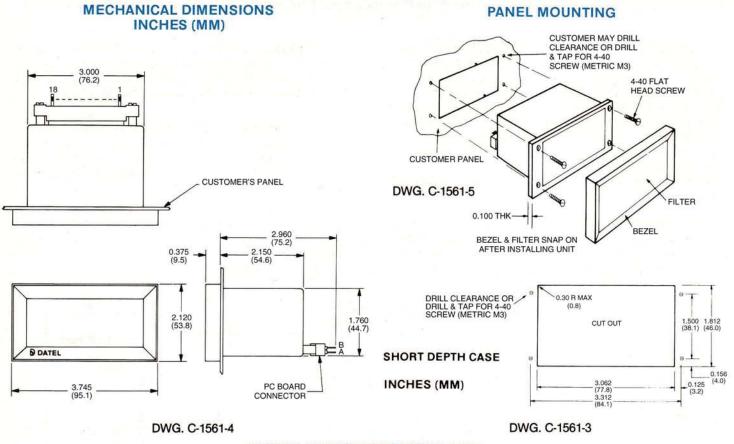




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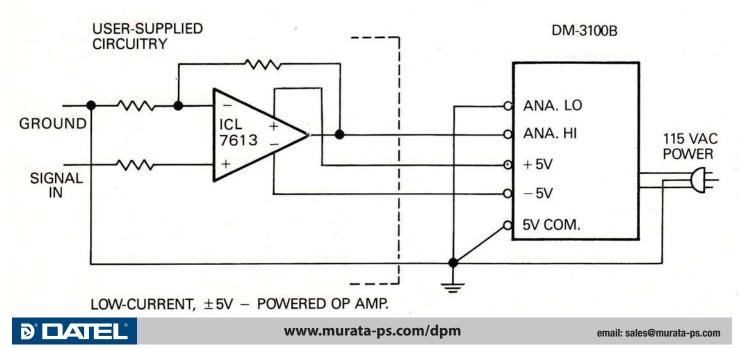
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DM-3100B



SINGLE-ENDED INPUT WITH GAIN

The internal power supply of the DM-3100B can be used to power external circuitry. The drawing below shows an op amp—user-supplied—in a single-ended configuration to provide gain for a low level input. Power is from the +5V and -5V power in connections (B9 and A7, respectively) on the DM-3100B. Where low level signals will be amplified, it is important to pay attention to ground routing. A single common ("Mecca") ground point, as indicated in the diagram, is recommended.



DM-3100B

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APPLICATIONS

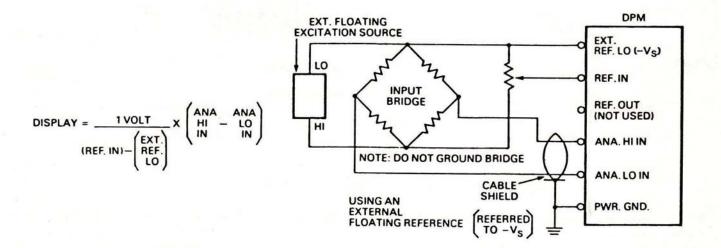
RATIOMETRIC CONNECTIONS WITH BRIDGE INPUTS

The DM-3100B has a reference in-out loop which makes possible ratiometric measurements. Representative connections are illustrated below. Ratiometric operation eliminates changes in the DPM reading due to voltage variations in the Bridge's external excitation source. The input gain on the DM-3100B varies inversely with voltage at Reference In — as REF IN voltage increases, meter gain decreases. Meter input gain thus can be made to compensate for variations in the bridge excitation source voltage. (The DPM is set for unity gain when REF IN V equals +1V as referred to $-V_s$).

For all applications, $V_{IN} = 2 V_{REF}$ at full scale (1999 counts). For small values of V_{REF} (100 mV or lower), increased display noise, nonlinearity, rollover and CMR errors will be apparent. Avoid V_{REF} inputs beyond about 2V to prevent integrator saturation with full scale inputs. Variable VREF is not intended for wide gain changes as in multimeter applications. Instead, it should be used for drift correction, scaling to engineering units, or for modest amounts of gain.

A note on grounding: The DM-3100B's internal voltage reference source is biased against the internal negative supply rail (-Vs). Note that this is *not* the same electrical connection as the 5V Power Common connection. Refer to the Simplified Block Diagram.

Because of this configuration, external reference sources should be isolated from the 5V Power Common and should have the Reference Lo Output from the external source connected to the negative supply rail.



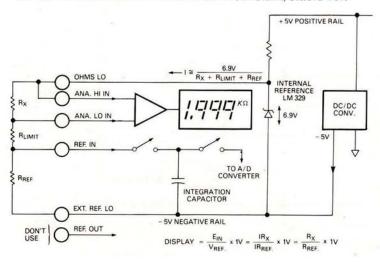


DM-3100B

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DIGITAL OHMMETER CONNECTIONS

The digital ohmmeter circuit uses the DM-3100B's ratiometric capability. An external reference resistor of known resistance, accuracy, and temperature drift is connected in series with the unknown resistance. A constant, stable volt-



age from the DPM's internal reference diode is applied to the resistor pair to produce a constant current. This current develops two voltage drops across the resistors which are proportional only to the ratio of the resistances since the current through them is identical.

The chart below lists recommended RREF and RLIMIT resistance values corresponding to different ohmmeter ranges. Values of RLIMIT were selected to limit the current through RREF and Rx to 1 milliampere maximum.

RANGE	RESOLUTION	RILIMIT	R _{REF}	DECIMAL POINT
19.99 MΩ	10 kΩ	22 MΩ	10 MΩ	B2 to B5
1.999 MΩ	1 kΩ	3.6 MΩ	1 MΩ .	B1 to B5
199.9 kΩ	100 Ω	360 kΩ	100 kΩ	B3 to B5
19.99 kΩ	10 Ω	36 kΩ	10 kΩ	B2 to B5
1.999 kΩ	1Ω	6.2 kΩ	1 kΩ	B1 to B5

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