

SHARP

OPTO-ELECTRONIC DEVICES DIVISION ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

SPECIFICATION

PHOTOCOUPLER

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

MODEL No.		
	PC367	
	Business dealing	name
	O PC367NT	·
	PC367N1 PC367N2	
	1 030/11/2	13001
Specified for	•	
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Product name: PHOTOCOUPLER

Model No.: PC367

Business dealing name

PC367NTJ000F

PC367N1TJ00F

PC367N2TJ00F

- 1. These specification sheets include materials protected under copyright of Sharp Corporation ("Sharp"). Please do not reproduce or cause anyone to reproduce them without Sharp's consent.
- 2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets, as well as the precautions mentioned below. Sharp assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets, and the precautions mentioned below.

(Precautions)

(1) This product is designed for use in the following application areas;

· OA equipment Audio visual equipment · Home appliances

· Telecommunication equipment (Terminal) · Measuring equipment

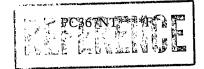
· Tooling machines · Computers

If the use of the product in the above application areas is for equipment listed in paragraphs (2) or (3), please be sure to observe the precautions given in those respective paragraphs.

- (2) Appropriate measures, such as fail-safe design and redundant design considering the safety design of the overall system and equipment, should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when this product is used for equipment which demands high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as:
 - Transportation control and safety equipment (aircraft, train, automobile etc.)
 - · Traffic signals · Gas leakage sensor breakers · Rescue and security equipment

· Other safety equipment

- (3) Please do not use this product for equipment which require extremely high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as;
 - · Space equipment · Telecommunication equipment (for trunk lines)
 - Nuclear power control equipment Medical equipment
- (4) Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative if there are any questions regarding interpretation of the above three paragraphs.
- 3. Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative for any questions about this product.



1. Application

This specification applies to the outline and characteristics of photocoupler; Model No. PC367(Lead free type).

Outline

Refer to the attached sheet, page 3.

3. Ratings and characteristics

Refer to the attached sheet, page 4, 5.

4. Reliability

Refer to the attached sheet, page 6.

5. Outgoing inspection

Refer to the attached sheet, page 7.

6. Supplement

6.1 Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
- (2) The dielectric withstanding tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The wave form of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
- 6.2 Packaging specifications Refer to the attached sheet, page 8, 9.
- 6.3 The business dealing name used for this product when ordered or delivered shall be shown in below, and the following selection shall be made as to the Collector current (Ic) in parameter 3.2.

Collector current (Ic) Delivery rank table ("O" mark: indicates business dealing name of ordered product)

Rank at delivery	Business dealing name	Rank mark	Ic (mA)	Test conditions
0	PC367NTJ000F	with or without	0.5 to 2.5	I _F =0.5mA
	PC367N1TJ00F	A	0.75 to 1.5	$V_{CE}=5V$
	PC367N2TJ00F	В	1.0 to 2.0	Ta=25℃

6.4 This Model is approved by UL.

Approved Model No.: PC367

UL file No.: E64380

6.5 This product is not designed against irradiation.

This product is assembled with electrical input and output.

This product incorporates non-coherent light emitting diode.

6.6 ODS materials

This product shall not contain the following materials.

Also, the following materials shall not be used in the production process for this product.

Materials for ODS: CFC_S, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methyl chloroform)

6.7 Brominated flame retardants

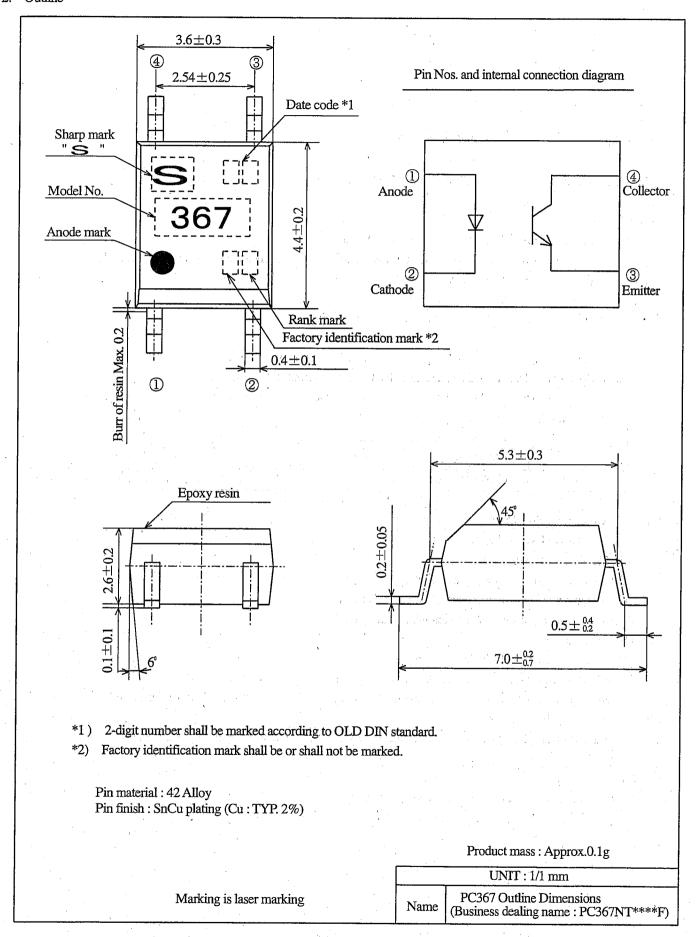
Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this device at all.

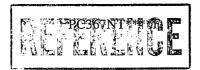
7. Notes

Precautions for Photocouplers: Refer to the attachment-1



2. Outline





3. Ratings and characteristics

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Ta=25°C

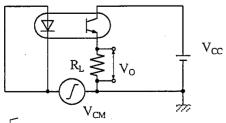
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current *1	I _F	10	mA
	Peak forward current *2	I _{FM}	200	mA
Input	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
	Power dissipation *1	P	15	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	80	V
0	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V
Output	Collector current	Ic	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation *1	P _c	150	mW
	Total power dissipation *1	P _{tot}	170	mW
	Operating temperature	Topr	-30 to +100	°C
Storage temperature Isolation voltage *3		T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
		V _{iso (rms)}	3.75	kV
Soldering temperature *4		T _{sol}	260	℃

3.2 Electro-optical characteristics

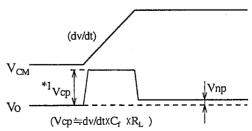
Ta=25℃

	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage	V _F	I _F =5mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current	I_R	V _R =4V	-	-	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance	Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	-	30	250	pF
	Dark current	I_{CEO}	V _{CE} =50V, I _F =0	-	-	100	nA
Output	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	I _c =0.1mA I _F =0	80	-	-	V
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	$I_E=10 \mu A, I_F=0$	6	-	-	V
	Collector current	I_c	I _F =0.5mA, V _{CE} =5V	0.5	-	2.5	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE (sat)}	I _F =10mA, I _c =1mA	-	-	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	DC500V 40 to 60%RH	5×10^{10}	1011	-	Ω
Transfer	Floating capacitance	$C_{\rm f}$	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
charac-	Response time (Rise)	tr	V _{CE} =2V, Ic=2mA		4	18	μs
teristics	Response time (Fall)	t _f	$R_L=100\Omega$	-	3	18	μs
	Common mode rejection ratio *5	CMR	Ta=25°C, R_L =470 Ω V_{CM} =1.5kV (peak), I_F =0, · Vcc=9V, V_{DM} =100mV	10	-		kV/μs

- *1 The derating factors of absolute maximum ratings due to ambient temperature are shown in Fig. 1 to 4.
- *2 Pulse width $\leq 100 \,\mu$ s, Duty ratio : 0.001 (Refer to Fig. 5)
- *3 AC for 1 min, 40 to 60%RH, f=60Hz
- *4 For 10s
- *5 Measuring circuit

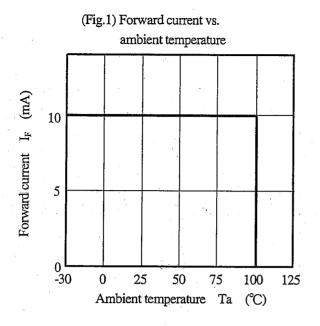


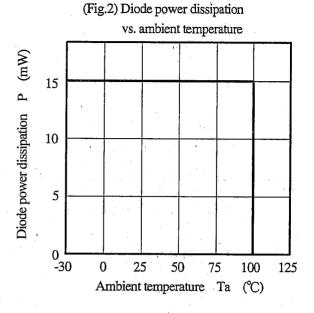
 V_{CM} : Higher value of pulse wave $R_L = 470 \Omega$ $V_{CC} = 9V$

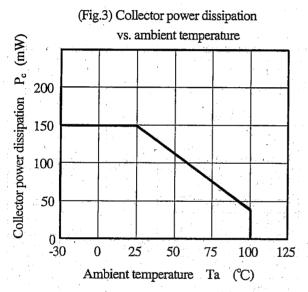


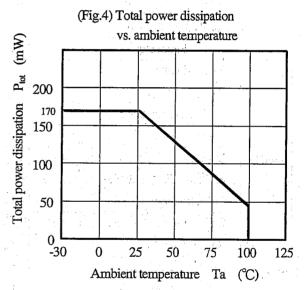
*1 The voltage generated by a displacement current which flow through floating capacity between primary and secondary side

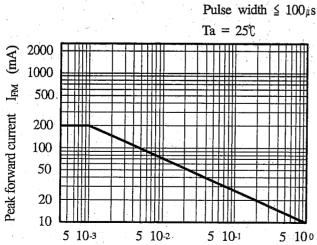












Duty ratio



4. Reliability

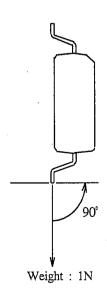
The reliability of products shall satisfy items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10 or 20

Test Items	Test Conditions *1	Failure Judgment Criteria	Samples (n)
rest hems	Test Conditions 1	Panule Judgment Criteria	Defective(C)
Solder ability *2	245±3°C, 5 s		n=11, C=0
Soldering beat *3	(Flow soldering) 260°C, 10 s		n=11, C=0
Soldering heat *3	(Soldering by hand) 400°C, 3 s		n=11, C=0
Terminal strength (Bending) *4	Weight: 1N 1 time/each terminal	$V_F > U \times 1.2$ $V_F > U \times 2$	n=11, C=0
Mechanical shock	15km/s^2 , 0.5ms 3 times/ \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z direction	I _{CEO} >U×2	n=11, C=0
Variable frequency vibration	100 to 2000 to 100Hz/4min 200m/s ² 4 times/ X, Y, Z direction	$\begin{cases} I_{C} < L \times 0.7 \\ V_{CE(sat)} > U \times 1.2 \end{cases}$	n=11, C=0
Temperature cycling	1 cycle -40°C to +125°C (30min) (30min) 20 cycles test		n=22,C=0
High temp. and high humidity storage *5	+85°C, 85%RH, 500h		n=22,C=0
High temp. storage	+125°C, 1000h	U: Upper specification limit	n=22,C=0
Low temp. storage	-40°C, 1000h	L: Lower specification limit	n=22,C=0
Operation life	I _F =10mA, P _{tot} =170mW Ta=25°C, 1000h		n=22,C=0

- *1 Test method conforms to EIAJ ED 4701.
- *2 Solder shall adhere at the area of 95% or more of immersed portion of lead, and pin hole or other holes shall not be concentrated on one portion.
- *3 It is evaluated due to the temperature profile in attachment-1.
- *4 Terminal bending direction is shown below.
- *5 It evaluates after washing by specified solvent in attachment-1.





5. Outgoing inspection

5.1 Inspection items

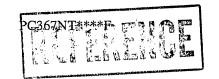
 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{(1)} & \text{Electrical characteristics} \\ & V_{\text{F}}, I_{\text{R}}, I_{\text{CEO}}, V_{\text{CE (sat)}}, I_{\text{c}}, R_{\text{ISO}}, V_{\text{iso}} \end{array}$

(2) Appearance

5.2 Sampling method and Inspection level

A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on ISO 2859 is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Defect Inspection item				
Major defect	Electrical characteristics Unreadable marking	0.065			
Minor defect	Appearance defect except the above mentioned.	0.25			



6.2 Package specifications

- 6.2.1 Taping conditions
 - (1) Tape structure and Dimensions (Refer to the attached sheet, Page 8)

 The carrier tape has the heat pressed structure of A-PET material carries tape with preventing static electricity and three layers cover tape (PET material base).
 - (2) Reel structure and Dimensions (Refer to the attached sheet, Page 9)
 The taping reel shall be of plastic (PS material).
 - (3) Direction of product insertion (Refer to the attached sheet, Page 9)
 - (4) Joint of tape

The cover tape and carrier tape in one reel shall be joint less.

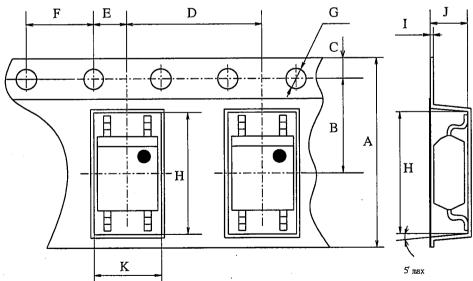
- (5) To repair failure taped devices, cutting a bottom of carrier tape with a cutter.

 After replacing the cut portion shall be sealed with adhesive tape.
- 6.2.2 Adhesiveness of cover tape
 - The exfoliation force between carrier tape and cover tape shall be 0.2N to 0.7N for the angle 160° to 180° .
- 6.2.3 Rolling method and quantity
 - Wind the tape back on the reel so that the cover tape will be outside the tape.

 Attach more than 20cm of blank tape to the trailer and the leader of the tape and fix the both ends with adhesive tape.

 One reel shall contain 750pcs.
- 6.2.4 Outer packing appearance (Refer to attached sheet, Page 9)
- 6.2.5 Marking
 - The label with following information shall be pasted at appointed place of the outer packing case.
 - * Model No. * Number of pieces delivered * Production date
- 6.2.6 Storage condition
 - Taped products shall be stored at the temperature 5 to 30°C and the humidity lower than 70%RH away from direct sunlight.
- 6.2.7 Safety protection during shipping
 - · There shall be no deformation of component or degradation of electrical characteristics due to shipping.

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions

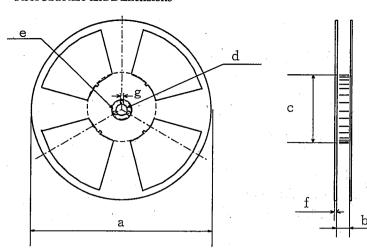


Dimensions list (Unit: mm)

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К
						+0.1				·
±0	± 0.05	±0.1	±0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1	-0	±0.1	± 0.05	± 0.1	±0.1
12.0	5.5	1.75	8.0	2.0	4.0	ϕ 1.5	7.4	0.3	3.1	4.0



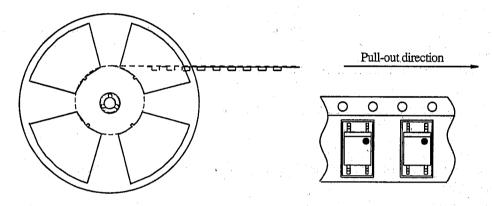
Reel structure and Dimensions



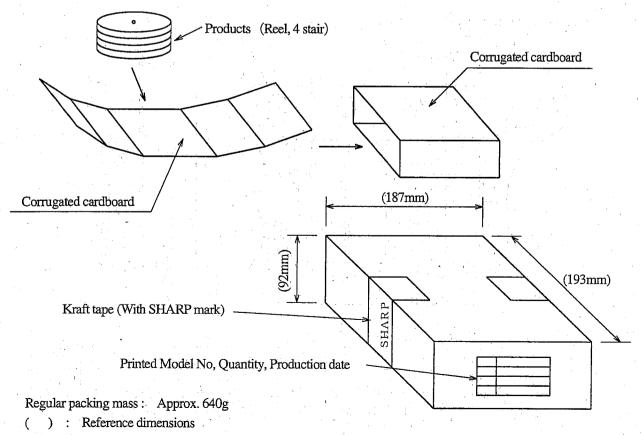
Dimensions list (Unit: mm)

a	Ъ	С	d
180	13.5±1.5	80±1.0	13±0.5
e	f	g	
21±1.0	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	

Direction of product insertion



Outer packing appearance





Precautions for Photocouplers

1 For cleaning

(1) Solvent cleaning: Solvent temperature 45°C or less

Immersion for 3 min or less

(2) Ultrasonic cleaning: The effect to device by ultrasonic cleaning differs by cleaning bath size, ultrasonic power output,

cleaning time, PCB size or device mounting condition etc. Please test it in actual using condition

and confirm that any defect doesn't occur before starting the ultrasonic cleaning.

(3) Applicable solvent: Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, Isopropyl alcohol

When the other solvent is used, there are cases that the packaging resin is eroded.

Please use the other solvent after thorough confirmation is performed in actual using condition.

2. For circuit design

(1) The LED used in the Photocoupler generally decreases the light emission power by operation.

In case of long operation time, please design the circuit in consideration of the degradation of the light emission power of the LED. (50%/5years)

(2) There are cases that the deviation of the CTR and the degradation of the relative light emission power of the LED increase when the setting value of I_F is less than 0.5mA. Please design the circuit in consideration of this point.

(3) When steep voltage noise is applied between the primary side and the secondary side of the photocoupler, current flows or changes in the light emitting diode through a parasitic capacitance between the primary side and the secondary side of the photocoupler, then there is a case that miss operation occurs depending upon the applied noise level. We should certainly recommend to use a by-pass capacitor between both terminals of the light emitting diode where used in a noisy environment.

PC367NT**FTTTT

3. Precautions for Soldering

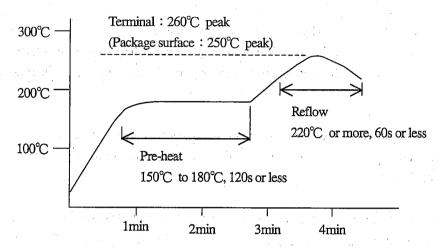
(1) In the case of flow soldering (Whole dipping is possible.)

It is recommended that flow soldering should be at 260°C or less for 10 s or less (Pre-heating: 100 to 150°C, 30 to 80s).

(2 times or less)

(2) If solder reflow:

It is recommended to be done at the temperature and the time within the temperature profile as shown in the figure below. (2 times or less)



(3) In the case of hand soldering

What is done on the following condition is recommended. (2 times or less)

Soldering iron temperature: 400°C or less

Time: 3s or less

(4) Other precautions

Depending on equipment and soldering conditions (temperature, Using solder etc.), the effect to the device PCB is different.

Please confirm that there is no problem on the actual use conditions in advance