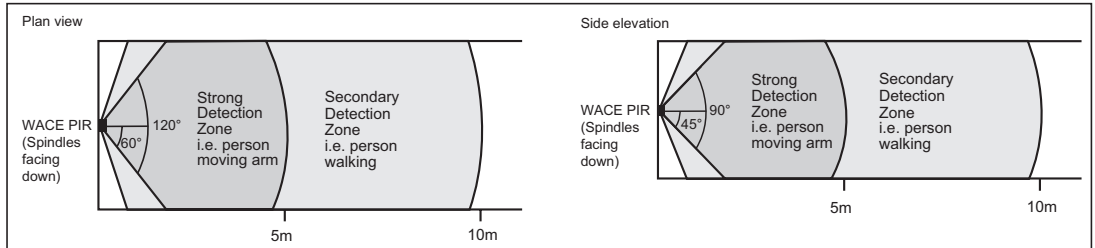


WACE PIR

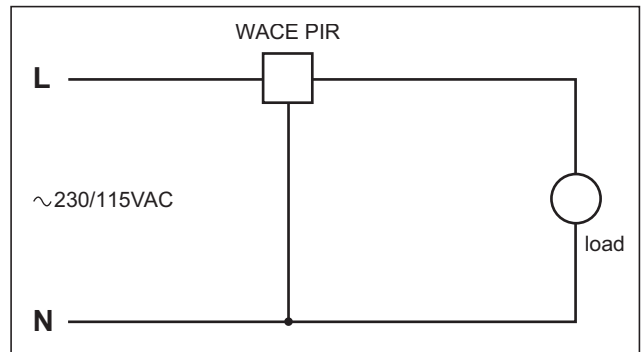
wall or ceiling mounted PIR occupancy switch

The WACE PIR will switch on any type of connected load, including electronic control gear. Several WACE PIR can be wired in parallel to control the same load. Neutral is needed on these models. Model WACE PIR is suitable for wall or ceiling mounting.

Detection diagram:
(wall mounted illustrated)



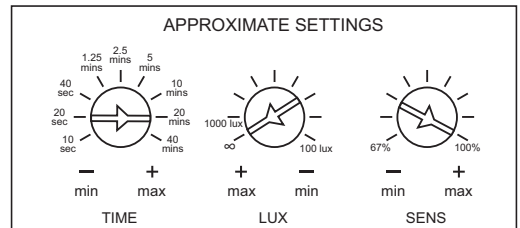
1. Read these notes before commencing work.
2. In case of doubt, consult a qualified electrical contractor.
3. **IMPORTANT - SITING.** The switch should be placed in the area where activity is expected. If the photocell override facility is required, the switch must be sited in a position where the daylight gives greater illumination than the artificial light.
4. When mounted on the wall, at an ideal mounting height between 1 and 1.8m, the detection diagram is as above. When mounted on the ceiling the detection range is in an elliptical cone.
5. Make sure power is switched off from the circuits you are working on by removing appropriate fuses, or switching off appropriate isolating switches.
6. The wiring diagram is as opposite:
7. Connect the switch according to the wiring diagram above. When the mains supply is initially connected to the PIR switch it goes through its Walk Test. This means it switches on for about 1 minute, then switches off and enters its automatic mode. Stand away from the switch for a couple of minutes until the switch turns off. Movement near the switch should then cause it to switch on (subject to the room brightness and photocell setting), and then, if there is no more movement, it will go off after the set time lag. If a manual wall switch is feeding the PIR switch (see wiring diagram) then it will go through the Walk Test each time the wall switch is switched on. By wiring the manual wall switch in the alternative position, the supply to the PIR occupancy switch is uninterrupted and it remains in automatic mode. It does not go through its Walk Test each time the wall switch is switched on.
8. Several WACE PIR can be wired in parallel to control the same load.
9. There are three adjustments on the underside edge of the switch as shown in the diagram.



TIME Setting the "TIME" adjustment determines how long the lights remain on after the switch has last detected movement. This ranges from 10 seconds to 40 minutes in nine discrete steps as follows:- 10, 20, 40 seconds, 1.25, 2.5, 5, 10, 20, 40 minutes. (These times are approximate to +/- 20%.)

LUX Incorporated into the switch is a photocell override function which stops the lights coming on whenever there is sufficient daylight. If the "LUX" knob is set fully anti-clockwise the lights will come on no matter how bright it is in the room. With the knob turned clockwise it has to get darker in the room before the occupancy switch will be able to turn the lights on.

SENS Turn fully clockwise for maximum range and sensitivity of the person detector. Turn anti-clockwise for reduced range and sensitivity.



10. The maximum load is 6 amps (1500W) with a 230-240VAC supply. There is no minimum load requirement with this product.